PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

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PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.,

AT 109 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND.

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THE MAINE STATE PRESS

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Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

PORTLAND THEATRE
PORTLAND, ME.
8 NIGHTS ONLY 8
JANUARY, 2, 3 & 4, 1882, GRAND NEW YEAR MATINEE, Monday, Jan. 2, at 2 p. m.
THE SURVIVAL of the FITTEST
— SIXTH SEASON —
Jay Rial's
— MAJESTIC REVIVAL —
Uncle Tom's Cabin!
Powerful Double Company, Grand Scenic Effects, Celebrated Trick Donkey "Jerry,"
Mammoth Trained Bloodhounds.
The Magnolia Jubilee Band,
GRAND TRANSFORMATION.
PRICES, 25c. & 35c. NO EXTRA. NO HIGHER.
Reserved seats for sale at Box office, on Saturday, Dec. 31. No extra charge. dec29d1w

CITY HALL,
THE STODDARD LECTURES.
Friday Eve'ng, Jan. 6,
Last chance to hear
John L. Stoddard,
From Mars Hill to Mt. Olivet.
Admission 50 cents, Reserved Seats 75 cents. Seats at Stockbridge's. jan 3 d4t

ROLLER SKATING RINK,
STORER BROS' BUILDING, MIDDLE St
GRAND EXHIBITION
—OF—
FANCY SKATING,
—BY—
Prof. Wm. Field,
(Champion Roller Skater of America.)
Thursday Evening, January 5th.
General Skating before and after the exhibition. jan3 d3t

CITY HALL,
Saturday, Jan. 7th, 1882.
THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON
The Boston Museum Company.
Manager.....Mr. R. M. Field.
— WHICH HAS GIVEN —
113 PERFORMANCES 113
of the Great Musical Novelty, Gilbert & Sullivan's Latest Eccentricity,
PATIENCE.
Or, BUNTHORNE'S BRIDE.
Geo. W. Wilson in the Cast.
Special Scenery and Enlarged Orchestra of 15 pieces, a Grand Chorus of Dragoons and Rapturous Maidens.
Tickets 50 and 75 cts. For sale at Stockbridge's Music Store. dec23d2w

Union Rowing Association.
NEW YEARS BALL.
Mechanics' Hall.
Monday Evening, January 2nd.
Music by Chandler. March, 8.30. nov5 dtf

GILBERT'S
DANCING ACADEMY.
NEW YEAR'S PARTY
Thursday Evening, January 5th.
Class in plain and fancy dancing, Monday Evenings. dec31dtf

GRAND
Concert and Ball
—BY—
COLLINS'S BAND,
—AND—
Exhibition Drill
—BY THE—
PORTLAND
HIGH SCHOOL CADETS!
—AT—
CITY HALL,
THURSDAY, JANUARY, 5, 1882.
TICKETS—Admitting Gentleman and Ladies, $1.00. Admission to the Gallery, 35 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents.
Reserved Seats for sale at Stockbridge's. dec29 dtd

"HIC SUMUS"
GRAND CONCERT AND BALL
—BY THE—
Washington H. & L. Company No. 1
—OF THE—
PORTLAND FIRE DEPARTMENT,
—AT—
CITY HALL, Thursday Evening, Jan. 10, '82
Tickets admitting a gentleman and ladies, $1.00. Gallery tickets 25 cents.
MUSIC BY GRIMMER.
Clothing checked free. jan4dtd

WM. M. MARKS,
Book, Card, and Job Printer
Printers' Exchange,
111 Exchange St., Portland, Me.
Fine Job Printing a Specialty.
Orders by mail or in person promptly attended to
Particular attention paid to Music and Pamphlet Printing
v1 TuThStf

DODD'S
Newspaper Advertising Agency,
365 WASHINGTON ST., - BOSTON
Advertisements received for every Paper in the United States and British Provinces at the Lowest Contract Prices. Any information cheerfully given and estimates promptly furnished.
File of the PRESS kept for inspection at any time. Estimates furnished. Send for Circular.
A List of 100 choice newspapers.

ENTERTAINMENTS

Fraternity Dances!
SIXTH ANNUAL COURSE.
City Hall.
Thursday Evening, Nov. 24th,
Thursday Evening, Dec. 8th,
Monday Evening, Dec. 26th,
Thursday Evening, Jan. 12th,
Thursday Evening, Jan. 26th,
Thursday Evening, Feb. 9th.
— IN AID OF THE —
PORTLAND FRATERNITY

General Committee.

T. C. HERSEY, Esq., President of Fraternity.
SAMUEL J. ANDERSON, Esq., Vice President.
E. A. NOYES, Treasurer.

Hon. William Senter,	Mr. S. E. Spring.
Hon. George Walker,	Mr. I. P. Farrington,
Hon. A. E. Stevens,	Mr. George S. Hunt,
Hon. Geo. P. Wescott,	Mr. Geo. W. Woodman,
Non. Jacob McLellan,	Mr. Chas. McLaughlin,
Hon. Wm. L. Putnam,	Mr. John N. Lord,
Hon. I. Washburn, Jr.,	Mr. J. S. Winslow,
Mr. W. I. Thom,	Mr. J. P. Baxter,
Mr. Nathan Webb,	Mr. J. D. Fessenden,
Mr. Charles E. Jose,	Mr. Lewis Pierce,
Mr. S. T. Pullen,	Mr. W. A. Winship,
Mr. M. P. Emery,	Mr. W. F. Milliken.

Committee on Entertainments.

Fred R. Farrington,

E. C. Jordan,	J. H. Drummond, Jr.,
Wm. Senter, Jr.,	P. T. Griffin,
E. D. Noyes,	Wm. H. Schumacher.

Tickets for the course of six evenings, admitting Gentleman and Ladies $6; to be obtained of the Committee on Entertainments.
Evening tickets $1.
Music by Chandler's Full Quadrille Band nov18 eodtd

P. M. B.
Second Course of Assemblies
— AT —
ARMY and NAVY HALL,
Friday Evening, Jan. 6th.
Tickets 50 cts. Don't forget the Masquerade the 22d of February. jan3 dtd

MEETINGS

MAINE BOX COMPANY.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Maine Box Company will be held on the Second Tuesday of January, 1882, (Jan. 10th) at the factory of the Whitney Gaiter Company, Newbury Street, Portland, Maine, at three (3) o'clock in the afternoon.

EDGAR L. ROBINSON, Ass't Secretary. jan3-dtd

M. C. M. Association.

A STATED MEETING of the MAINE CHARITABLE MECHANICS ASSOCIATION, will be held in the Library Room, Mechanics Building, on THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 5th, at 7.30 o'clock. Business Election of Vice President and such other business as may be brought before it.

jan3dtd Per order, R. B. SWIFT.

AMERICAN TURNING CO.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the American Turning Company will be held on the Second Tuesday of January, 1882, (Jan. 10) at the office of H. G. Briggs, Esq., Centennial Block, Exchange Street, at three (3) o'clock in the afternoon.

GEORGE E. BIRD, Clerk. jan3-dtd

Presumpscot Pulp-Ware Co.

THE Annual Meeting of the Presumpscot Pulp Ware Company, will be held at the office of S C. Andrews, 188 Middle St., Portland Me., on Tuesday the tenth day of January, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon for the choice of officers and for action upon any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

AUGUSTUS F. MOULTON, Secretary. January 2, 1882. jan2d1w

ANNUAL MEETING.

Portland & Ogdensburg R. R.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. Company, will be held at the office of the Company, 39 Exchange street, in the city of Portland Me., on Tuesday, the 17th day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; to choose Directors for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may legally come before them.

CHAS. H. FOYE, Clerk. Portland, January 2d, 1882. jan2 dtd

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Annual Meeting of the Todd Non-Freezing Hydrant Co., will be held at the office of Orville K. Gerrish, "Centennial Block," 93 Exchange street, on Tuesday, Jan., 10, 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and transaction of any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

JOHN J. GERRISH, Secretary. Portland, January 2, 1882. jan2 d1w*

ANNUAL MEETING

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the PORTLAND, BANGOR AND MACHIAS STEAMBOAT COMPANY, will be held at the office of the company, Railroad Wharf, Portland, on TUESDAY, January tenth (10th,) 1882, at two (2) o'clock p. m., for the following purposes, viz:

1st. To act upon the Treasurer's Report for the year 1881.

2d. To choose five Directors for the ensuing year.

3d. To provide means for discharging the debts of the company.

4th. To provide funds and boats for the business of the coming year.

5th. To consider whether the company will dispose of its property and close up its business.

6th. To act upon any other business that may legally come before them.

GEORGE L. DAY, Clerk. Portland, Dec. 31, 1881. dec31dtd

R. A. of P. F. D.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Relief Association of the Portland Fire Department, will be held at the Chief Engineer's office Wednesday evening, Jan. 4th, 1882, at 8 o'clock, to fill vacancies in the Board of Trustees. Per order of President.

dec28dtd WILLIAM HENNESSY, Sec.

EAGLE SUGAR REFINERY.

THE Stockholders of this corporation are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting for choice of Directors, and for action upon any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Refinery Office, Fore street, on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1882, at 3 o'clock P. M.

JOS. P. THOMPSON, Clerk. dec28 dtd

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine, will be held at the office of Hon. Joseph H. Williams, the Clerk of said corporation, in Augusta, Maine, on Wednesday, the eleventh day of January, A. D. 1882, at ten o'clock a. m. to fix the number of, and elect a Board of Directors. Per order of Directors.

H. D. SMITH, Secretary. Portland, Maine, Dec. 20, 1881. dec23dtd

CANAL NATIONAL BANK.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of "The Canal National Bank of Portland," for the election of seven directors and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before them, will be held at their banking house on TUESDAY, the tenth day of January, 1882, at eleven o'clock a. m.

B. C. SOMERBY, Cashier. Dec. 10, 1881. dec10dtd

MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK.

THE stockholders of the Merchants National Bank of Portland, are hereby notified that their annual meeting for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before them, will be held at the bank, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m.

CHAS. PAYSON, Cashier. Portland, Dec. 10, 1881. dec10dtd

NATIONAL TRADERS BANK.

THE shareholders of the National Traders Bank of Portland, are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at their Banking Room, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of January next, at 11 o'clock a. m.: to choose five Directors for the ensuing year, and to act on any other business that may legally come before them.

EDWARD GOULD, Cashier. Dec. 10, 1881. dec10dtd

Cumberland National Bank.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cumberland National Bank, of Portland, will be held at their banking house on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before them.

W. H. SOULE, Cashier. Portland, Dec. 9, 1881. dec10dtf

Casco National Bank.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Casco National Bank of Portland for the choice of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before them, will be held at their Banking House on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m.

WM. A. WINSHIP, Cashier. Portland, Dec. 8, 1881. dec9-dtd

First National Bank.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the First National Bank of Portland, for the choice of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before them, will be held at their Banking House on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m.

W. E. GOULD, Cashier. Portland, Dec. 10, 1881. dec12 dtd

MISCELLANEOUS

IMPORTED and DOMESTIC
-:::GROCERIES:::-
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, AT
WILSON & CO.'S.

We call attention to a few of the man articles we are daily receiving:

Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces,
Sauces in Fancy Vases,
East India Preserves,
Chutney's Curry Powder,
Wiesbaden Preserves,
Marmalades, Lucca Oil,
Stuffed Olives,
Anchovies in Oil,
Anchovy Bloater and Shrimp Paste,
Salad Cream,
Pale de Foie Gras,
Parmesan Dutch Stilten and Neufchatel Cheese,
Brandy Fruits, Sardines,
Home Made Preserves,
Fresh Fruits and Glass,
Mince Meats, Cider Jelly,
Bottled Cider, Ginger Ale,
Malaga Grapes,
Florida Oranges,
Valencia Oranges,
Lemons, Raisins,
Nuts, Prunes, Figs,
Pickled Oysters,
California Fruits,
Fancy Crackers,
Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon.

W. L. Wilson & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
Cor. Exchange & Federal Sts.
dec19 eodtf

LARGER QUARTERS.

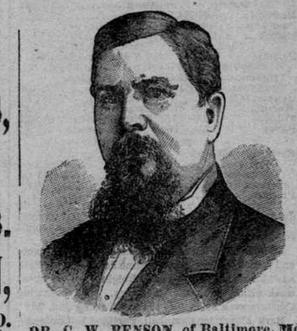
Increase of business demands more room. W. P. Goss, the Shoe Man, to have the largest Shoe Store in Maine. Twenty Thousand Dollars' worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

to be slaughtered by Jan. 15, 1882, when we remove to our spacious store 227 Middle St., nearly opposite our present location. We offer the entire stock at prices less than the cost of manufacture. Don't let the golden opportunity pass. Come and bring your friends for cost takes every pair, and we furnish paper and twine free.

W. P. GOSS,
212 MIDDLE ST., PORTLAND.
dec26 d2m

CALL and SEE
Decker Bros' Pianos,
Indorsed by ANNIE LOUISE CARY.
Also a choice stock of first-class
PIANOS AND ORGANS.
SAMUEL THURSTON,
3 Free Street Block, PORTLAND.
sep29 dtf



DR. C. W. BENSON, of Baltimore, Md.

Inventor and proprietor of the celebrated Celery and Chamomile Pills. These pills are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Paralysis, Sleeplessness and Dyspepsia, and will cure any case, no matter how obstinate, if properly used. They are not a curealL but only for those special diseases. They contain no opium, morphine or quinine, and are not a purgative, but regulate the bowels and cure constipation by curing or removing the cause of it. They have a charming effect upon the skin, and a lovely quieting effect upon the nervous system, simply by feeding its ten thousand hungry, yes, in some cases starving absorbents. They make or create nerve matter and give power, force and buoyancy to the nerves, and in that way increase mental power, endurance and brilliancy of mind. Nobody that has a nervous system should neglect to take them two or three months in each year, as a nerve food, if for no other purpose.

Sold by all druggists. Price, 50 cents a box. Depot, 106 North Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md. By mail, two boxes for $1. or six boxes for $2.50, to any address.

THE WHITNEY Gaiter
patented arch 15, 1881.
Made to Measure at 222 MIDDLE STREET,
Under the Falmouth Hotel.
Whitney Gaiter Shoe Co.
jy29 dtf

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Advertising Agents,
FOR ALL THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS.
10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK
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1 PARK ROW NEW YORK

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse: as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. TRADE MARK.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5 or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 206 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Sold in Portland, by Fred. A. Turner, 221 Congress St., and Young & Stone, cor. Congress and Green Sts. aug29d1yr

SCIATICA
(SCIATIC RHEUMATISM)
Is considered by physicians an incurable disease.
BISHOP SOULE'S LINIMENT
will cure the worst forms of that painful disease. Use LARGE bottles for Sciatica, Rheumatism and Neuralgia Price $1.50; small bottles (for Sprains, Lame Back, &c), 75 cents. Sold by druggists. F. W. RYDER & SON, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. dec28d1m

DR. J. W. BENSON'S
SKIN CURE
Is Warranted to Cure
ECZEMA, TETTERS, HUMORS, INFLAMMATION, MILK CRUST, ALL ROUGH SCALY ERUPTIONS, DISEASES OF HAIR AND SCALP, SCROFULA ULCERS, PIMPLES and TENDER ITCHINGS on all parts of the body.
DR. BENSON'S NEW REMEDY. PERSPIRATION PRODUCED WITH PLEASANT EASE.
It makes the skin white, soft and smooth; removes tan and freckles, and is the BEST toilet dressing in THE WORLD. Elegantly put up, two bottles in one package, consisting of both internal and external treatment.
All first class druggists have it. Price $1. per package. oc17 M,W,F 1y

NERVOUS DEBILITY.
A Cure Guaranteed.
DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT: a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by overexertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. The proprietors, John C. West & Co., guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, the proprietors will send the purchaser their written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued through H. H. HAY & CO., Druggists, only agents in Portland, Me., at Junction Middle and Free Sts. nov15 d&w1y46

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

MARTHA WINSLOW, late of Portland,

in the County of Cumberland, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

GEORGE F. GOULD, Adm'r. Portland, Dec. 20th, 1881. dec28d1aw3wW*

MEDICAL.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

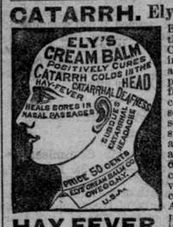
Woman can Sympathize with Woman. Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
Is a Positive Cure
for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.
It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this Paper.
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.
Sold by all Druggists. oc17 M,W,F&w1y

Beware OF Fraud
BENSON'S
CAPCINE
PLASTERS
HAVE BEEN IMITATED,
And their excellent reputation injured by worthless imitations. The Public are cautioned against buying Plasters having similar sounding names. See that the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E is correctly spelled.
Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters
Are the only improvement ever made in Plasters.
One is worth more than a dozen of any other kind.
Will positively cure where other remedies will not even relieve.
Price 25 cents.
Beware of cheap Plasters made with lead poisons.
SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Manufacturing Chemists, New York.
A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25cts. MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER. aug31 no1) WS &w1ly

CATARRH. Elys' Cream Balm



Effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell; beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure Catarrh, Hay Fever, &c. Unequaled for colds in the head. Agreeable to use. Apply by the little finger into the nostrils. On receipt of 50c will mail a package. For sale in Portland by wholesale and retail druggists

HAY FEVER. ELYS' CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y. nov24 d&w1y48

All persons sitting for their Photographs within the next two or three days will be enabled to have part, if not all of their order for Christmas.
Choice and rich selection of Silk Velvet Frames, Easels, etc. constantly on hand.
Hearn
PHOTOGRAPHER,
514 Congress St.
DOW'S NEW BLOCK
dec19 dt

ELEGANT
TABLE LAMPS
With Beautiful Pottery Centres.
Limoges, Longwy, Japanese, Sarreguemines Satsuma, Kioto, &c.
Fitted complete with the English Duplex, Oxford and Harvard Burners.
For Sale Wholesale and Retail,
C. E. JOSE & CO. oc10 dtf

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4.

We do not read anonymous communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

The Business Outlook.

The reports of the mercantile agencies throughout the country are decidedly encouraging in their text, and sanguine in predictions of prosperity for the immediate future. That by R. G. Dun and Company received by the PRESS from the branch agency of E. Russell and Company, and published by us yesterday, is especially favorable. These experienced observers have taken a look over the whole field and express the opinion that the immense volume of business is for the most part wisely conducted, that the gains made are the result of legitimate profit rather than speculative success, and that we have no substantial reason to fear the speedy coming of a time of distress and commercial stagnation like that of 1873.

It is to be hoped that the agencies are right. The impulse of all business men will naturally be to accept their reasoning, which is certainly ingenious and apparently sound in the main. Yet there are indications that we have made a near approach to one of those commercial crises that result in general hurt as well as individual distress. Trade is feverishly active. Capital is going into enterprises where it may be dormant for years. The expense of living is on the increase. Extravagance is in mode. Men are earning money easily and parting with it profusely. We have all the conditions of a commercial panic. It is to be hoped we may escape it, but in order to assure that escape wise men of business will, in view of the threatening skies, shorten sail.

IT is thought that in the Utah contested election case neither contestant will be seated, Cannon, the Mormon, because he has no certificate of election, and Campbell, the contestant, because his certificate is defective. Campbell holds a certificate of election from Governor Murray, while Cannon has nothing but a certified statement of the returns showing that he had a majority of the votes cast. The governor's certificate is irregular, in that it contains the clause, "being a citizen of the United States." The law gives the governor no power to judge of the eligibility of a candidate for Congress, but commands him to give a certificate to the person having the greatest number of votes. Another statute declares that the candidate shall be a citizen of the United States, but, by universal custom, Congress and not Governor of a State or Territory, is to judge of the eligibility of the candidate in this regard as in others. It is argued by some of Mr. Campbell's champions that the offending clause in the governor's certificate is merely a piece of explanatory information thrown in parenthetically, being true but still unnecessary, and therefore does not vitiate the certificate. In reply, it is said that, without the clause mentioned the certificate would be a falsehood, since it is notorious that Cannon had a majority of the votes cast.

THE contested election case of Lynch against Chalmers of Mississippi, and which is the first one to be taken up in the House, is at present being put in shape by members of the elections committee. While arranging papers and evidence it was suddenly discovered that portions of the testimony and other documents in the case were missing. The notice of contest served upon Chalmers with a large mass of the most important testimony to prove Lynch's right to the seat could not be found. It is positively known that these papers and this evidence were in a package with the rest of the papers sent to the clerk of the last House and ordered to be sent to the committee on elections. The documents cannot be found, however, and much speculation is indulged in as to what has become of them. If they do not turn up soon their disappearance may leave Mr. Chalmers in worse repute than he was placed in by the manner in which he succeeded in revolutionizing the "shoe string" district.

THE newspapers are now busy in conferring titles upon Mr. Charles H. Reed of Chicago, who has become associated with Mr. Scoville in defending Guiteau. Some call him "Judge Reed," others "Col. Reed," and a few are content with "the Hon. C. H. Reed." Mr. Reed has never held any position that entitles him to the "Hon." handle, in a military way has never even belonged to a militia company, and he has not been a judge. He was for many years the prosecuting attorney for Cook county, in which Chicago is situated, and is a criminal lawyer of large experience and excellent ability.

EX-GOVERNOR Bagley of Michigan, who died recently, was a very successful man in business and eccentric in his habits of life. In his will he directed that his employes—they who had made his fortune—should not suffer by his death. They were to be retained in the service of his heirs, for a time at least, and on the day of the testator's funeral they were to receive presents as follows: Fifty dollars to all who had been in his service five years, $200 to all who had served ten years, and $500 to all who had served him fifteen years.

"Even the shrewd John Roach is in despair," writes a Washington correspondent. "He has been here for a week or so, and one day paid his court to Blaine, the next to Arthur and the Stalwarts, and he could not for the life of him tell which to pay the highest homage to. So Mr. Roach has gone home, saying that he will be back here later, when there is a better chance for looking ahead."

IN the pursuit of scientific investigation the enthusiast knows nothing of fatigue. Professor Baird, of the Smithsonian Institute, is lying awake nights awaiting a summons at the birth of a baby elephant, the mother being with a wintering menagerie in Connecticut. The professor has no experience in cases of this kind but is eager to gain practical knowledge.

THE Literary World attempts, in its issue for December 31, a general review of "The World's Literature for 1882," in a series of twenty articles, by topics and countries, filling a dozen or more pages of the paper. This is a service which has been never before undertaken by any American journal.

SINCE England has meddled with all foreign complications which concerned her and a great many which did not," the Denver Tribune thinks the "United States might be forgiven, as an offshoot of England, if it insists on putting its nose into all the rows on this side the water. The inclination has a hereditary origin and is natural."

"The United States now form a very powerful, a very warlike, a very wealthy, and, politically speaking, a very unoccupied nation," the London St. James' Gazette remarks, and in these characteristics it thinks that an energetic foreign policy is likely to find its origin.

SAN FRANCISCO is going to have a $20,000 Garfield statue of her own.

Hairs of all the Ages.

Beards, Whiskers, Mustaches and Imperials from Early Egyptian Days Till Now.

[New York World.]

The beard, according to Mr. Darwin, was originally ornamental, and, the bearded man being popular in primative society, selected the fairest woman; his offspring resembled him and so on. Certain it is that wearing the beard was in the oldest times all the fashion. In ancient India, Persia and Assyria full beards were worn, and were esteemed as symbolical of dignity and wisdom. According to the old Egyptian pictures shaving was a common practice in the land of the pyramids, or, at least, the frequent absence of the beard among kings and priests is noticed as a sort of distinction of rank Herodotus says that for clean shaving the priests "gave a certain sacred reason which we do not think it lawful to disclose," probably because he did not know it. At any rate, the Egyptians may be said to furnish the earliest instances of "the priest all shaven and shorn." Their Libyan neighors, on the other hand, were heavily bearded, and their maritime enemys—probably the early Greeks—wore rather thin yellow beards. Doran contends that these same Greeks were shaven and called all aliens and bearded races, barbarous," connecting the word with *barba*, but Homer and the Egyptian monuments are against him. The Assyrian kings wore enormous beards, oiled and curled in tiers or stories, and some of them treasured these appendages in jeweled cases. The chosen people represented Adam with as luxuriant a beard as Homer gives Jupiter, father of gods and men, in the Iliad, and always clung to their beards with particular affection and jealousy. To mar the corners of the beard was an offense against their law. The fugitive who reverentially raised his hand to the beard might hope for succor; to swear by it—as young Ulric in Schiller's fine ballad swears by that of his father, Eberhard the Rushbeard—was to take a most sacred oath; for a stranger to touch it was an insult, and it was a sign of supreme affection for children and kinsfolk to touch it gently or kiss it. Thus it was that Job slew the unsuspecting Amasa. To cut an envoy's beard was a crowning affront—it was like insulting the embassador's flag. According to the legendary history of Rome, the massacre of the Senate was precipitated by the act of the Gaul who, in his mingled awe and admiration, laid hands on a Senator's beard to see whether or not the Senator was a majestic statute, and all readers will recall the retort to the Mussulman despot of the Christian envoy: "If my master had known you set so much account by a beard he would have sent you a goat."

Alexander the Great is credited with having introduced shaving during his Asiatic wars, having noticed that the beard afforded a convenient handle for the enemy. This was the original "fighting cut," and the first instance of a military regulation concerning hirsute appendages. The Greeks not only employed razors, but "sharp pitch-plasters." They sent the fashion over to Rome about 300 B. C., where Scipo Africanus the younger was the first gentleman of note to shave daily. In Cæsar's time a slight goatee or mustache, assiduously cultivated, was the thing for a young man of fashion. Whereas tearing the hair had been a sign of mourning, in Rome letting the beard grow was the othodox method of celebrating a public calamity. The Roman emperors shaved until the time of Hadrian, who let his beard grow to hide an ugly scar. The difficulties which Nero experienced in making his toilet are familiar to most readers—indeed, an interesting article might be written on the subject of barbers and despots.

From Rome the habit of shaving was carried all over Central and Northern Europe, where wearing the beard had been the universal custom. According to Tacitus the ancient Germans cultivated the beard till they had killed an enemy in battle—"taken a scalp." The Bayeux tapestry shows the Normans close-shaven as to cheeks, lips and chin. Harold and most of the English wear the mustache, and the only bearded folks are Edward the Confessor and five men on the Norman side. Long, shaggy hair, and enormous tangled mustaches had been in vogue among the ancient Britons. On the introduction of Christianity the clergy among the Anglo-Saxons had to shave, and after the conquest one of the grievances against William was his suppression of the English mustache. Shaving, by the clergy especially, was a sort of protest against Judaism and Islam though the early Christian fathers had followed the usual Jewish custom and prescribed the retention of the beard. Clement of Alexandria, Cyprian, Jerome and Chrysostom were among the controversialists on this great question over which the Greek and Roman churches fought, and which latter so exercised the Belgian reformers that they would fain have ejected all save the shaven from their ranks. The Popes frequently promulgated decrees and set fashions, but not all of the same sort. The gallant Julius II, victor over the Venetians and French, allowed his beard to grow when he ascended the throne in 1503, and set a fashion that was followed over the Christian world, Francis I of France copying him, as he had received an ugly wound in the face from a brand of blazing wood in a Twelfth Night frolic. Up to that time the beard had led a checkered existence in France. After the battle of Tolbiac, where Clovis thrashed the later Alaric soundly, the conqueror sent word to the vanquished to come and touch his beard—make an alliance—but Alaric, instead, caught the Frankish envoys by the beard and sent them back, swearing furiously by the violated appendages to have their revenge, which was prompt and bloody. Thereafter France saw beards of all sorts—long, short, round, pointed, square, braided, woven with gold thread, spangled with pearls—until the area of shaven chins was closed by Francis I and the influence of the Renaissance. Louis VIII's shaving, it may be remembered, was a serious act for himself and his country. With his fair chestnut beard he was barely tolerated by his wife, Eleanor of Guienne, and when he shaved it off a broil began which ended in their divorce, her remarriage to Henry II of England, to whom she brought Poitou and Guienne as a dowry, and a war which ravaged France for three centuries and cost the lives of 3,000,000 men. Under Henry III of France, shaven chins were in vogue, with the mustache and a long *mouche* on the lower lip, which under Napoleon III was again to be fashionable under the name of imperial. Under Henry IV, square beards ruled and Louis XIII favored a small imperial, with curled mustaches. The *mouche* was in fashion under Louis XIV, but little or no beard and the razor was used relentlessly under the next two kings, the Republic, the Directory, and the Restoration. Charles V followed Pope Julius lead into the ranks of beard wearers, while Philip V, being unable to raise a beard himself, discouraged the wearing of beards by his courtiers, who lamented that with their beards had gone their souls. "All the gold in the world," said the brave Portuguese Admiral Juan de Castro, to the Mayor of Goa, "cannot equal the national ornament of my valor," and he pointed to one of his luxurant whiskers; and the Mayor was so deeply impressed that he lent him a thousand pistoles on the pledge thereof. England generally followed the fashion set by France. Though one of the poets has celebrated the beard of Henry VIII, and declared that

A well-thatched face is comely grace,
And a shelter from the cold,

that monarch published an edict against beards and Elizabeth ordained that every beard of above a fortnight's growth should pay an annual tax of 3s 4d, a feature borrowed by Peter the Great, who taxed the beards of his peasant subjects a copeck a year and charged wealthier ones 100 roubles, say $70. On the continent magistrates, grave burghers and other worthy folk had long made a practice of wearing "beards of formal cut" opposed to the regnant court fashion, whatever that happened to be, and when the civil war broke out under Charles I, the hair became the distinguishing mark of the factions. The beard of the period was worn sharply peaked in a triangular form, ane pasteboard cases were employed to cover them during sleep; a man of fashion gave more time to his beard than one does nowadays to his hair, and even had his reader to beguile the tedium of arranging it. Taylor, the water poet, gives it roundly to the "great vanity" of beards in that time, when a barber exultantly cried, as he finished off the court preacher, "There! I'll be hanged if any one of taste listens to a word of the sermon to-day!" The beard dwindled away to whiskers under the Charleess, possibly because the wig monopolized the attention, and partly because of continental fashions, and went out with James II, when an era of close shaving set in—in which the popular epithet of contempt, by the way, was "beardless boy." In private and public life, in the army and navy, everybody shaved daily, and the rule of the razor lasted till half a century ago.

"Napoleon shaved himself" said Talleyrand. "One born to be a king has some one to shave him, but they who acquire kingdoms shave themselves." But when the Classicists fell before the Romanticists, about 1830, the beard came in, as it had under Francis I and the Renaissance. Nowhere could daring spirits assert so conspicuously their disregard of the conventional and their desire of innovation as in the matter of hair and beard, and the gathering on the first night of "Hernani" was a very nightmare of hirsuteness. Artists, conspirators, Saint-Simonians and phalanstarians introduced the caltus of the beard, while graver folk declared for mutton chop whi

gained me great fame and reputation, *and the treaty has been odious ever since.*

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

What is known as the "Monroe doctrine" had its origin and name in a recommendation of President Monroe, in one of his messages to Congress, at a time when Spain was making arrangements to reconquer and subdue her various colonies in America, which had revolted and established their independence in 1819-'20 and '21. It was apprehended by the American Government that the despotic Powers of Europe, after the overthrow of Napoleon and the reestablishment of the despotic sway in Europe, would lend their aid to conquer and subdue the Spanish colonies, which had then become independent States; and that while a portion of them would, in this event, be restored to Spain, the others might be divided among the various Powers of Europe. In view of this probable result President Monroe declared, in his message to Congress, with a view of its being taken as notice to all Europe, that no portion of the American Continent was hereafter to be deemed open to European colonization, and that the United States would consider any such attempt as imposing upon them the obligation to take such steps as were necessary to prevent it. This declaration assumed the name of the Monroe doctrine; and it has frequently been appealed to by American statesmen as a rule *to be inflexibly adhered to* whenever any European Power has threatened or attempted to extend its dominions upon the American Continent—North, South or Central America. This doctrine does not contemplate any interference on the part of the United States with the existing rights or colonial possessions of any European Power, *but was a protest against the extension of their power and policy in the future.*

[Philadelphia Press.]

Plain Mr. Blaine of Maine.

James G. Blaine still continues to make the lives some men miserable, including the editor of one of the Washington issues of the ring organ, morning, evening and weekly. Mr. Blaine is not in office. He is not only a private citizen, but he has severed his connection with the party organization in his own State and has no share in party management. He is, after over twenty years of public service, of which six months only were in an office held by appointment, and in which he has had as his colleagues the Members of the Legislature of Maine, of the National House, the Federal Senate and the American Cabinet, plain Mr. Blaine; and of his own choice he has for colleagues the general body of his fellow citizens. The place satisfies him. It satisfies us—for the present. It does not call for remark, nor for defense, nor abuse. If, like Jackson in 1824, after holding the round of offices up to President, and being desired for the Presidency by the great body of his party, he prefers a private station, and chooses to retire from public life, the men who hate him and hounded him while he was in office would be wise not to go on yelling around his doorstep and peeking through his keyhole to see what he is up to. As they did around Jackson's, by the way.

Unfortunately, the shadow Mr. Blaine cast on the past—and on the future—keeps such men at work all day inventing lies, and up all night printing them. This does not hurt Mr. Blaine. If anybody really wants to see Blaine a candidate in the next Republican National Convention, with a vote like census returns, all majority, the easy way is to let this pea-shooting go on. It may be bad for harmony and peace within the party, and all that sort of thing; but it will not be bad for Mr. Blaine. The shooting may be annoying, but in the long run its only result is to make a nuisance of the pea-shooter. Meanwhile, Mr. Blaine can afford to wait and watch. It is one of the privileges of being in a majority.

METEOROLOGICAL.

INDICATIONS FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Jan. 4, 1 A.M.

For New England,

Generally colder, partly cloudy weather and light snow, higher barometer and northwest to northeast winds.

[SPECIAL BULLETIN.]

A storm is slowly developing in the southwest and a cold wave is advancing from the Hudson Bay region over the northern portion of the Middle States and New England. Snow continues in the Lake region and has extended southward over the Mississippi, Missouri valleys. Clear weather continues on the Atlantic coast where the temperature has risen slightly with northwesterly winds. The indications are that colder threatening weather with snow will prevail in New England and New York during Wednesday, followed on Thursday by slowly rising temperature, cloudy weather and snow or rain.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE.

CORNELIUS SWEETSER'S WILL.

Munificent Bequests to Churches and Charitable Institutions.

BIDDEFORD, Jan. 3.—The will of the late Cornelius Sweetser was probated today. Among the public bequests are $10,000 to the Thornton Academy; the income of $15,000 for public and school libraries; $5,000 for the Sweetser School fund; $12,000 for the York Institute; for various purposes, the income of $5,000; Saco and Biddeford Old Ladies' Home, $10,000; public park, Saco, the income of $5,000; charitable purposes, the income of $5,000; various churches in Saco, for books, the income of $3,000; to be applied to payment of the minister of the Calvin Baptist church, Saco, the income of $1,000; to the Baptist church, Bellerica and Wakefield, Mass., the income of $5,000. The residue of the property after legacies public and private have been paid, goes to found the Orphan Asylum in Saco. The estate amounts to about $250,000.

Judge Derby Appointed Attorney.

The January term of the Supreme Judicial Court convened today at Saco, Barrows J., presiding. There are 378 cases upon the old docket and the new entries are small. The cases marked for trial indicate a short term.

Judge John S. Derby was appointed by the Court County Attorney, and the indications are that ramsellers are to be vigorously prosecuted.

Is it a Shipwreck?

ROCKLAND, Jan. 3.—A small piece of planed board was picked up on Hurricane Island yesterday, on one side of which was written: "John A. Nauss, schooner Wild Pigeon, Gloucester, Mass," and on the other, "Henry Vanderwood, Waltham, Mass.," and the word "Lost."

Fire in Gardiner.

GARDINER, Jan. 3.—The office of Joshua Gray & Son, lumber dealers, was destroyed by fire today. Loss $500; insurance $100. Cause, a defective flue.

The Moravian's Passengers.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 3.—The passengers of the wrecked steamship Moravian have arrived from Yarmouth and will proceed to England in the Caspian now due here from Baltimore.

The Moravian a Total Loss.

HALIFAX, Jan. 3.—The steamer Moravian, ashore on Mud Island, is reported broken up. A heavy sea was running all day yesterday. A steam tug left Yarmouth for the wreck this morning. The tug from Halifax has not yet reached the wreck, having put into Patonico to await moderate weather.

MARINE NEWS.

Portland Schooner Ashore.

DENNISPORT, Mass., Jan. 3.—The schooner Lilian M. Warren, of Portland, before reported ashore, is being lightened of her cargo of furnace coal and efforts will be made to float her to-night. The wind thus far has been very favorable, making smooth water, and the vessel is thought to be in quite good condition. Her cargo is consigned to the Eastern Railroad Company, Portland. The vessel is insured in the Wellfleet Mutual Insurance Company.

Lost Her Deck Load.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Ship Andrew Johnson, Capt. Crawford, from Thomaston, Me., which arrived at Liverpool yesterday from St. John, lost her deck load.

Collision on the Sound.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 3.—The steamer Old Colony, of the Fall River line, reports a wrecked schooner about four miles from Point Judith, west by south ½ south, with mastheads just out of water. The vessel is supposed to be the schooner Sarah W. Blake, of Dighton, Capt. Briggs. All hands, four or five in number, are thought to be lost.

An unknown vessel was in collision with the steamer Newport in that vicinity yesterday morning and the Newport was badly damaged, but the extent of her injuries cannot be ascertained. She was unable to make her trip last night and there will be no passenger boat to New York from here to-night.

The Gallows Robbed of its Prey.

ELLSWORTH, Ill., Jan. 3.—W. E. Graham, who killed, robbed and burned Philip Egley at Venongo, Ellsworth county, on the night of the 28th ult., was hung by a mob in front of the court house last night. W. C. Rose would have met the same fate but he was taken from the jail by the sheriff during the excitement.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Second Meeting of Dartmouth Alumni.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 3.—The resident alumni of Dartmouth College held their second annual meeting at the City Hotel this evening. Hon. Moody Currier, class of 1834, was elected president vice Hon. Ira A. Eastman, deceased; vice presidents, Hon. Daniel Clark, United States disuict judge, Hon. L. D. Stevens; secretary, John Foster, Esq.; treasurer, Walter Parker; executive committee, Samuel D. Lord, Joseph W. Fellows, Arthur E. Clark. A splendid banquet was served by George E. Hastings of the City Hotel, sixty seats being served. Among those present were C. W. Stanley, Lewis W. Clark, Isaac W. Smith of the superior court, Daniel Clark of the United States district court, President Bartlett and Professors Ruggles of Dartmouth faculty. Messrs. Spaulding, Stanley and Davis of the board of trustees, ex-Govs. Smith, Weston and Head, and Col. John H. George of Boston. Shortly after dinner speeches were made by President Bartlett, Rev. Dr. J. G. Davis, ex-Gov. Smyth, Prof. Lord, Col. J. H. George, ex-Gov. Head, L. D. Stevens, Wm. Spring of Lebanon, S. D. Lord and others. There are seventy-one resident membels.

The Supreme Court.

The January term of the supreme court met this morning, Judge Lewis W. Clark presiding. The grand jury will probably be engaged three days with the criminal cases, of which there are nearly 200, mostly for Manchester for violations of the liquor laws. A large number of equity cases and divorce suits are being heard by the court until the grand jury is ready to report.

Manchester's Municipal Affairs.

At the meeting of the city government tonight the old police force were elected throughout excepting the city marshal.

MASSACHUSETTS.

An Eminent Lawyer Dangerously Ill.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—Mr. John P. Healy, corporation counsel of the city of Boston, is lying at the point of death at his residence in this city. He was born in 1810 and in early life served several terms in both branches of the legislature; was elected corporation counsel in 1856, and has been re-elected every year since. He is considered the highest authority on municipal law in the State.

Judge Gray's Successor.

Associate Justice Morton will probably be appointed Chief Justice in place of Chief Justice Gray.

Disastrous Fire in Brockton.

BROCKTON, Jan. 4.—The marble works buildings corner of Main and Crescent streets are now on fire (at 2 a. m.) The fire caught in the cellar under the St. Nicholas Bazaar at 1 o'clock and spread rapidly, and at this hour it is not known whether it can be confined to these buildings or not as they are surrounded by high wooden strucures. The marble works building is about 80 x 100 but and three stories in height, of wood and occupied by Brown & Fuller. The St. Nicholas Bazar, Atlantic Tea Store, Eureka Oyster Company, B. J. Keith's auction rooms, O. Cobb, Howard & Parker, shoe manufacturers Ed Howard, shoe manufacturer; Keith's bowling alley; R. G. Shepard, steam fittings, and others. The loss cannot be estimated and the insurance is unknown. The buildings are owned by Henry E. Bryant.

WASHINGTON.

The President's Private Secretary Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3,—The President has accepted the resignation of J. Stanley Brown as his private secretary and the position will probably be formally tendered to F. J. Phillips of New York. In the event of Phillip's declination it is thought the position will go to Mr. Reed, who was stenographer to Gen. Arthur while he was Vice President.

The New Postmaster General.

Ex-Senator Howe expects to take the oath of office as Postmaster General and enter upon the discharge of his duties about Thursday next.

Meeting of the Cabinet.

Only routine business was considered at the Cabinet meeting to-day. All the members were present. Mr. James represented the Post Office for the last time and Attorney General Brewster represented the Department of Justice for the first time.

The Contingent Fund Investigation.

The Senate contingent fund investigating committee reassembled to-day. The first witness was J. W. Vail, special agent in the Treasury department and formerly editor of the Washington World which favored Secretary Sherman's candidacy for the Presidency in 1880. Vail was examined relative to an allegation that the type from which this paper was printed had been furnished from the government printing office.

W. P. Brown, foreman of the Treasury department cabinet workshop, was examined and presented memoranda to the committee in which it is said he gave the date, time occupied and character of the work done by him upon Secretary Sherman's new house and stable, and also showing that the work or some of it had been charged to different bureaus in the department.

Contested Election Cases.

Testimony in the following contested election cases has been prepared and sent to the printer by the clerk of the House committee on elections: Gillette vs. Herndon, Stroback vs. Herbert, Mebson vs. Oates, Smith vs. Shelley, Bisbee vs. Finley, Anderson vs. Reed, Buchanan vs. Manning, Lynch vs. Chalmers, Lewis vs. Richardson, Mockey vs. C'Connor and Smalls vs. Tillman. The papers in the case of Lowe vs. Wheeler will be ready for the printer to-morrow.

Notes.

Senator David Davis is ill with a severe sore throat, the result of a cold contracted at the President's New Year's reception. His physician has advised him to remain in doors for several days.

A gentleman in this city said tonight that he had it from excellent authority that Ex-Senator Sargent of California is to succeed Secretary Kirkwood.

NEW YORK.

A Pleasant Job.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Thirteen Treasury officials to-day began counting at the sub-treasury 800 tons of silver, amounting to about $26,000,000, of which $16,000,000 are in silver dollars and the rest in subsidiary coin, besides $37,000,000 in gold and $5,000,000 in United States notes and silver certificates. It is thought their labor will last three weeks.

Sale of Pews in Plymouth Church.

The annual sale of pews in Plymouth church, Brooklyn, was held to-night. All pews worth paying premiums for were sold. The total rental is $12,033. Chairs brought $804 and premiums $25,492, making in all $38,329.

Brooklyn Aldermen to be Arrested.

Justice Gilbert, in the Supreme Court of Kings county to-day granted an order of arrest against the seventeen aldermen who on Saturday last placed themselves in contempt of court by overriding a veto of Mayor Howell of their resolution granting certain rights to the Brooklyn Elevated Railroad Company. The offending aldermen will doubtless be arraigned this afternoon.

No Organization of the Legislature.

ALBANY, Jan. 3.—Neither branch of the Legislature was organized by the Democrats to-day. It is thought that an amicable settlement will be arranged this afternoon and that when both branches meet to-morrow they will be organized by the Democrats. Lieut. Gov. Hoskins made a brief address on opening the Senate, and made a feeling allusion to the death of President Garfield. An anti-monopoly resolution was adopted in the Senate. The Senate adjourned till Wednesday.

[LATER.]

Since the adjournment of the Senate there have been no signs of a break in the deadlock in either house. Tammany representatives and their friends still hold a defiant attitude. They regard the adoption of the anti-monopoly resolution as a victory and say the Senate is now pledged to anti-monopoly legislation, as its committees are ordered to be appointed with that object in veiw.

The Democratic Assembly caucus this evening nominated officers for the remaining Assembly positions. Tammany representatives express as strong determination as ever to stand out against the nominations, and there is no indication of harmony as yet.

WALL STREET.

How the Bulls and Bears Conducted Their Work Yesterday.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Wall street reports state that rumors are current of a strong combination to lock up money this week. The combination is said to represent $20,000,000.

Leading bankers think there will be large offerings of bonds at the Treasury to-day and to-morrow, as there is no longer advantage in holding the banks to escape taxation. One bank holds an individual deposit of 1,500,000 bonds, which will be presented for redemption to-day. Another bank will present nearly as much more soon.

The coal managers had just held a meeting "to unite upon some rule of operation by which the companies could continue harmoniously in action." It is probable that all the companies will suspend operations for a portion of this month. It is reported that a sharp attack will be made upon the coal stocks.

Boston advices state that Toledo, Delphos and Burlington securities are a purchase.

Reports show a large increase in Western Union earnings the last two weeks in December.

The Vanderbilt party sold a large amount of New York Central Saturday.

Gould brokers say that neither Gould nor Mr. Sage sold Wabash on Saturday.

Considerable long stock of Union Pacific was sold Saturday with the idea that it could be bought back considerably cheaper.

Pullman Palace Car stock advanced Saturday on reports of a combination with the Wagner Company.

It is believed that railroad bonds must advance this month. The demand at current quotations already exceeds the supply.

New York Elevated stock is being exchanged rapidly for Manhattan first preferred.

A Horrible Crime.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 3.—News from the Choctaw nation says a man named Rube Lucas assassinated Hon. Thompson McKinney, a former chief of the Choctaw council, in a horrible manner. Lucas stoned him to death. The crime is said to be the result of an old feud

GUITEAU'S TRIAL.

Testimony for the Prosecution All In.

THE PRISONER MAKES HIS CUSTOMARY SPEECH.

Fifty "Cranks" Now to be Introduced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—In the court this morning Guiteau made his opening speech as follows:

I had a very happy New Years yesterday and hope everybody else did. I had lots of visitors, high toned, middle toned and low toned. That takes them all in I believe. They expressed their opinions freely and none of them want me hung. They all without dissent expressed the opinion that I should be acquitted.

Dr Gray took the stand and Scoville resumed the cross-examination. The witness had not in giving his opinion in the direct examination, that the prisoner was sane, taken into account the evidence of the prisoner himself, but taking that element into account his opinion would still be the same, that the prisoner is sane and was sane on the 2d of July.

A hypothetical question was propounded by Scoville, involving the killing of a woman by her husband without any apparent motive, and the witness was asked, "Would that act be any indication of insanity?"

Answer—It would be a very extraordinary act. I should want to make an examination to see if it was from passion or if the man was drunk or had disease of the brain.

Guiteau—You would have to find the disease of the brain before you could call him insane. This shows just how much you experts know about it.

The witness was asked if he was familiar with the case of Lieutenant Sanborn, who killed Dr. Wright at Norfolk, Virginia, and replied, "Yes, sir, I was sent by the President to make an examination and give an opinion one the case."

"How much did you get for it?" shouted Guiteau.

The witness had had patients who had recovered in three months and been discharged.

Scoville—Well, now, if you experts were to examine such a patient immediately upon his discharge, could you tell by any physical indications that he had been insane only three months previous?"

Witness—No, sir, not without a history of the case.

Scoville—I thought so.

Guiteau—Your idea, doctor, that a man can't be insane unless his brain is diseased is rather frivolous. You don't agree with the Saviour. You ought to study the spiritology, then you would catch new ideas.

The witness did not believe in what is termed by some writers emotional insanity, or "moral insanity." "Kleptomania" he considered simply thieving, "diplomania" drunkenness, and "pyromania" incendiarism. Their designations were simply convenient terms which had been invented to cover certain crimes. "Insanity," said the witness, "is never transmitted any more than cancer. I never knew any one to be born with a cancer. A susceptibility to insanity is undoubtedly transmitted from parents to children, but insanity does not necessarily follow except from some profound physical disturbance."

The examination progressed with tedious length in the effort to extract something favorable to the defence. The counsel renewed the attack upon the witness again and again and each time was met with evasive and qualified reply.

Scoville desired to put in evidence certain tabulated statements from the annual reports of the witness. From these it appeared that of 54 cases of homicide by insane people, seven of them were by persons acting under an insane delusion of divine authority for their acts.

At the request of the district attorney the witness described briefly these cases and added, "Each case was one of marked insanity independent of the homicidal act."

Recess.

After recess Dr. Gray was asked a few more questions by Scoville, when the district attorney announced the conclusion of the evidence on the part of the government.

Scoville walked over to the dock and conferred with the prisoner a few minutes. After returning to his seat he said, "Your Honor, I am taken somewhat by surprise by the action of the prosecution in not calling several witnesses whose names have been given in as witnesses for the prosecution. These gentlemen, being employes of the government, were in a position to know something of the mental condition of the prisoner about the time of the shooting of the President. I do not know what action in the matter the defence will wish to take but I will inform the court tomorrow morning.

Dr. Bowker of Kansas City was then called by Scoville. The witness met Mrs. Dunmire at Leadville, Col., and conversed with her. She said she had entertained grave doubts as to the mental condition of Guiteau at the time she obtained her divorce and thought at the time perhaps she had better defer the divorce proceedings until some further developments in the mental condition of her husband.

Clark Mills, the sculptor, was called for the purpose of identifying the plaster cast of Guiteau's head. At the first question, "Did you make a cast of the prisoner's head?" Mr. Davidge objected to any responses of the question of identity such as would be involved by the identifying of the cast by the witness. The whole question of insanity had been gone over directly and in rebuttal. The prosecution had already admitted the genuineness of the cast and that was all that could be asked by the defence. After further argument the court ruled against Scoville and the witness.

The prisoner undertook to read a letter, as he claims, from an old friend of President Garfield in Ohio, showing that public opinion was working in his favor, but Judge Cox ordered him to be silent.

Guiteau—It shows the state of public opinion outside of this court room.

Judge Cox—Be silent; public opinion has nothing to do with this case.

Guiteau—When I speak I speak to 50,000,000 of people, not to this little crowd in this court room.

Marshal Henry (rising and moving towards the dock)—Keep quiet, sir.

Guiteau—I've got through, sir.

The marshal whispered some instructions to a bailiff sitting in the dock and a moment later, when the prisoner started up on another harangue, the bailiff put his hand upon his shoulder and attempted to quiet him. Guiteau snarled out, "Get away from me or I'll slap you in the mouth." With this outburst he subsided and turned his attention to writing autographs.

John W. Guiteau was again put on the stand and questioned in relation to Guiteau's letter to Senator Don Cameron.

Mr. Davidge—I object, your honor, to any attempt to introduce what has a prima facie appearance of manufactured testimony.

Guiteau—And so do I.

After arguments upon the question the court again ruled against the defence, and this witness was withdrawn.

Scoville again brought up the question of introducing new witnesses, and arguments were made pro and con. An agreement was finally made that the defence should submit in writing to-morrow morning their motion giving the names of witnesses and facts to be testified to and supported by an affidavit giving the reason why such witnesses were introduced not before.

Court then adjourned until to-morrow.

A NEW FEATURE.

The Defence to Introduce Fifty "Cranks" in the Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—It is understood that the defence in the Guiteau case will shortly introduce a new feature. So-called "cranks" numbering between forty and fifty have been arrested in Washington since Guiteau shot the President, most of whom have been sent to the St. Elizabeth insane asylum on physicians' certificates. The physicians in each case will, it is said, be supoenaed for the purpose of comparing those cases with that of Guiteau, with a view to demonstrating that if the commitments referred to were justly made, Guiteau must be likewise insane. Among the physicians whom it is expected will be called to the witness stand are those upon whose certificates Biggins was committed to the insane asylum. It will be remembered that Biggins fancied that General Grant appeared to him by means of the key hole in his door and persecuted him, Biggins was sent to the asylum and afterwards sued General Grant for $300,000. He was finally released and is now engaged in business in Washington.

The Latest One.

Mr. Scoville, counsel for Guiteau, will submit when the court opens to-morrow an affidavit sitting forth that a number of witnesses for the prosecution whose names were on the list furnished to the defence, have not been put upon the stand; that he has reason to believe, or that at least a presumption exists, that these witnesses since they were criminally selected and summoned by the prosecution have changed their minds in regard to the case and that the district attorney has not put them upon the stand because he knows their testimony now would be favorable to the prisoner. Some of his own witnesses, the affiant alleges, changed their views of the prisoner's mental condition after they were subpoenaed and it is fair to presume that a similar change took place in the opinion of witnesses whom the prosecution called but afterwards decided not to examine. If so their testimony may be available for the purposes of the defence and they should be put upon the stand. In submitting this affidavit Mr. Scoville will move that all witnesses on the list of prosecution who have not been called by that side be now summoned for the defence and examined in behalf of the prisoner.

THE STAR ROUTES.

The Cases to be Brought Before the Grand Jury in Two Weeks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—One of the special prosecutors for the government in the Star Route cases stated today they would commence their work before the grand jury in about two weeks. They have their evidence in satisfactory shape and feel confident of its sufficiency to secure indictments. They think they will lead off with Ex-Senator Dorsey and his connection with the Star Route service.

Recorder Smyth charged the grand jury in the General Sessions Court at New York yesterday and called their attention to the increase of crime and the use of deadly weapons.

A WESTERN TERROR.

Sad Ending of Knights of Pythias Festival.

A FLOOR GIVES WAY, KILLING FOUR AND WOUNDING NEARLY 100 PERSONS.

The Building Catches Fire and Six People are Burnt to Death.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 1.—During the Knights of Pythias' festival at Shanesville, Tuscarrawas county, last evening, the floor gave way, precipitating the company, numbering over 200, to the floor below. Two persons were instantly killed, ten others fatally injured and between seventy and eighty more or less bruised or burned. The building took fire almost instantly, producing a scene of the wildest excitement. The lights were nearly all extinguished, leaving the shrieking, struggling mass of humanity to grope their way from the ruins almost in the dark. By the prompt action of those who escaped uninjured, and other citizens summoned by the terrible alarm, the fire was subdued, but not until quite a number had been more or less burned. The night was very cold, and the scene is described as frightful in the extreme. The Knights are of the first families of the place, and the gathering included the intelligence and beauty of the neighborhood. The band had just ceased playing when a crash was heard and the floor began to settle lengthwise in the centre. The timber had slipped off the post in the rear and was pulled out of the brick wall in front. The centre settled rapidly and broke lengthwise, the joists being kept up at the outer ends inside the walls. This threw the people, tables and stoves all together. The falling floors barricaded the front doors, but these were soon chopped down. A chandelier in the storeroom below was broken, and the oil, spilled over a number of persons, burst into a blaze. Milton Yoder, five year old, was burned to death in his mother's arms. She was fatally burned. Fortunately the building did not catch fire. The stoves added to the confusion.

The cries and screams of the suffering victims, mingled with the groans and shrieks of the dying, made the night hideous, while the frantic efforts of the victims to escape as they rushed around with their bodies burned and blackened presented a horrifying spectacle. As the floor fell in the shape of a V, there was no means of escape until assistance from the outside arrived. During all this time the fire was doing its frightful work, and six perished in the flames, including Mrs. Dr. Yoder and her little five-year-old son, who was burned to a crisp in his mother's arms. Four were crushed to death by the falling timbers and about 60 others were seriously injured, some perhaps fatally, as many had arms and legs broken and ribs crushed in, while others were horribly burned. By the heroic efforts of the citizens the side of the building was broken in and water dashed on the poor struggling mass of human beings, and many lives thus saved. The total number killed and wounded will probably reach 100. The physicians of Shanesville, Rogersville and Canal Dover are giving all the aid possible to the sufferers. The victims are now doing well, though some more will perhaps die of their injuries. The building was a rickety frame structure and has long been considered unsafe.

The following is as complete a list of the casualties as far as it is possible to get:

Dead—Miss Mary Neff, 20 years, skull fractured; Milton Yoder, five years old, burned.

Fatally burned—Mrs. Dr. Yoder, Mrs. Allen Goeler, Miss Annie Oren.

Seriously injured—Fred Schwab and Lewis Kerch, legs broken; James Walter, arm broken; Lizzie Showalter, collar-bone broken; Augusta Heisler and Mrs. Lucilla Shieff, ankles dislocated; Geo. Froehlich, Jr., feet burned.

FIGHT FOR LIFE.

Desperate Attempt of Murderers to Escape from Jail.

GRAHAM, Texas, Jan. 3.—The three McDonald boys, murderers of a man named Martin at Belknap, made a desperate effort to escape from jail yesterday, which resulted in their death and the death of a Deputy Sheriff. Besides, beside seriously wounding several other people. About 10 o'clock in the morning the McDonald boys were led from the steel cage to the calaboose and with Jim Boone and Jack Baldwin, two other prisoners were given their breakfast by two deputies. One deputy was left in charge of the jail while the other and another deputy, Davis Melton, stood in the doorway of a wooden cell opening from the calaboose to the steel cage. He had a pistol in each hand keeping watch and presently put both revolvers in one hand to get a match from his pocket, when the McDonalds sprang upon him suddenly and disarmed him. In the struggle Melton was shot in the hand. His cries brought Murfee, another deputy, from the cage but on entering the calaboose he was shot and instantly killed by the prisoner. The prisoners then made a hole through the floor to a room below and taking Melton began their escape. A bloodhound watches the jail but by a detour they avoided him and took their flight in a southerly direction. By this time the whole city was roused and citizens had gathered all together and followed the fleeing prisoners. Later they placed their hostage, Davis, behind them and threatened to shoot him dead if they were fired on. Thus the murderers proceeded some three hundred yards where one citizen deliberately took aim and firing mortally wounded one of the fugitives who fell. Deputy Melton seized the opportunity and broke loose and ran. A general fusilade was now exchanged between the citizens and the escaping prisoners. The latter entrenched themselves in the weeds and stumps and the battle raged for some time. When the shooting ceased the three McDonalds were dead. Melton was shot three times, an old man named Wood wounded in the thigh and a man named Jay had the bone of his leg shattered. Baldwin and Boone took no part in the shooting and were recaptured. Graham was a scene of terrible excitement during the bloody affray.

ARCTIC EXPLORATION.

The International Polar Commission.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The St. Petersburg dispatch to the Herald says: "The Russian expedition to the mouth of the Lena, organized by the Imperial Society of Geography, which left St. Petersburg on the 28th of December, will pass a year on the coasts of the frozen ocean. In sending this expedition the society fulfills the obligation contracted toward the International Polar Commission. The following States take part in the enterprise projected by the commission:

1st, Austria—One station at Jan Mayeu Island.

2d, England—One station at Fort Simpson.

3d, Germany—Two stations, one on the Gulf of Georgia, the other at a place not yet decided upon, in the region of the North Pole.

4th, Denmark—One station on the western coast of Greenland.

5th, Norway—One station at Altengaard, in the province of Finnmark.

6th, Russia—One station at the mouth of the Lena.

7th, United States—Two stations, one at Point Barrow, on the east of Behring Strait, the other at Lady Franklin Bay, Greenland. The latter is already in operation.

8th, France—One station at Spitzbergen.

There are nine other stations in the Arctic region and two in the Antarctic region. There is every reason to believe that there will be one, or even two additional Arctic stations. These may swell the list of persons engaged to over 200, all taking active part in this enterprise, which will cost altogether upward of a million roubles.

CADET WHITTAKER.

Doubts of the Legality of the Court Martial.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—It is said on high authority that Judge Advocate General Swaim in reviewing the court martial proceedings in the case of Cadet Whittaker, has raised the point that the court is illegally constituted because it was ordered by President Hayes without any request from the department commander, and that therefore all proceedings are void. He argues the power of the President to order an army court martial is not inherent in him as commander-in-chief but conferred solely by statutory authority contained in the 72d Article of War, which reads as follows:

"Any general officer commanding the army of the United States, a separate army or a separate department, shall be competent to appoint a general court martial either in time of peace or in time of war; but when any such commander is accuser or prosecutor of any officer under his command the court shall be appointed by the President and its proceedings and sentence shall be sent, directly to the Secretary of War, by whom they shall be laid before the President for his approval or orders."

This article, it is contended, confers no power upon the President to convene an army court martial except in the contingency specified. The question will probably be referred to the Attorney General for his opinion. The view above indicated is apparently strengthened by the fact that Congress some years ago expressly authorized the President to convene court martials in navy cases without restriction.

Land Swindlers Sentenced.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3.—Samuel L. Carter, one of the leading spirits in the big land frauds unearthed in this state some months ago, and Jonn Brady, a Notary Public, also implicated, were brought before the criminal court this afternoon. Carter pleaded guilty and was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. Brady also pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six years.

The Vermont Liquor Crusade.

ST. ALBANS, Jan. 3.—It is probable the prohibition crusade which resulted in closing all the hotels here will end in a few days. Business men claim their business has been seriously injured and are signing a petition to hotel proprietors to reopen their hotels.

The Iowa Senatorship.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 3.—The canvass for the United States Senatorship is now quite active. The Legislature meets Monday and Gov. Gear and Mr. James F. Wilson, candidates for the long term are already here. The Senator will probably be nominated by acclamation.

FOREIGN.

Affars in Egypt.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Ahabe Bey sends to the Times a long statement of the aims of the National party in Egypt. He says it is loyal to the Sultan and Khedive but is determined to oppose any attempt of either to despotic authority; it hopes to gradually redeem the country from the hands of its creditors and desires that the army may be strengthened so as to protect the Assembly in obtaining a fair measure of popular rights.

Italy's Internal Order.

The Rome Opinione says that King Humbert when receiving New Year congratulations of Senators and members of the Chamber of Deputies, said with evident allusion to Bismarck's reported designs on behalf of the Vatican, that Italy was resolved to respect all governments and had no reason to believe that any one had been wanting in respect to her, but it was well to make known that she was firmly decided not to admit of the slightest discussion of certain questions touching internal order. The King also dwelt upon the necessity of the completion of the military organization. The King's words produced a great impression.

Dissatisfaction of the Landlords with the Land Act.

The following are resolutions to be passed at a meeting of the more moderate section of the landlords in Dublin today, at which it is expected the Duke of Abercorn will preside to criticise the Land Court decisions:

"This meeting sees with alarm that the Land act is being administered in a manner at variance with the pledge that it would not diminish the value or disturb the foundation of property, and contrary to the assurances on the faith of which Parliament was advised not to provide for compensations to landlords.

That the antecedents of many of the assistant Commissioners do not insure the impartial judicial exercise of their functions.

That the Commissioners have determined rents after a cursory examination of lands, and that they have been indiscriminately reducing rents.

That if appeals from decisions of Assistant Commissioners result in the sanctioning of those decisions, the Legislature should provide compensation for those land owners whose property will be thereby unjustly diminished.

That a petition embodying the views of this meeting be presented to the Queen."

The Daily News states that it is estimated that a fourth of the Irish tenants who need protection have come under the operation of the Land Act, and that competent persons believe the whole question will be settled in two years.

Foreign Notes.

Patrick Hart, a returned Irish-American, has been arrested at Carrigtohill under the coercion act.

Mr. Morton, United States Minister to France, held his first reception in Paris yesterday.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

Judge Dupue has refused a new trial in the case of Robert Martin of Newark, N. J., convicted of the murder of his wife and child last June.

Fire in the office of the City Assessor of Boston, on the upper floor of City Hall, yesterday, damaged books and papers $2,000.

The decrease of the national debt in December was $11,793,623.

Brooklyn's debt is $38,174,421.

Three men were arrested in New York on their arrival from Europe yesterday, charged with the robbery of 34,000 marks in Antwerp.

The Vanderbilt homestead on Staten Island was burned yesterday. Loss $15,000.

The two boards of examination heretofore existing in the life saving service at Washington, have been consolidated.

The banking house of Enoch Littlefield, Kansas, Ill., has suspended.

Secretaries Hunt and Lincoln were at their posts yesterday, and Attorney General Brewster took charge of the department of justice.

The Cork corporation has conferred the freedom of the city on Dillon.

Nicolai Sankowsky, who attempted to kill the Russian General Tcherevine, is sentenced to transportation for life.

Small pox is raging at Port Jarvis, N. Y.

A freight engine on the Savannah, Florida and Western road blew up yesterday, twenty miles from Thomasville, Ga., killing the engineer and scalding the fireman.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Portland Daily Wholesale Market.

PORTLAND, Jan. 3.

The wholesale market to-day was generally quiet without decided change in prices.

The following are to-day's quotations of Flour, Grain, Provisions, &c.

Flour.

Superfine	5 75@6 25	Extra Spring	5 50@6 75
XX Spring	7 25@7 75	Patent Spring Wheats	8 50@9 25
Michigan Winter best	7 50@7 65	Common	7 00@7 25
St. Louis Winter fair	7 50@7 75	Winter good	7 75@8 00
Winter best	8 25@8 50		

Produce.

Sweet potatoes	5 25@5 50	Turkeys	15@17
Chickens	13@15	Fowl	10@12½
Eggs	27@28	Onions, ₱ bbl	3 00@3 25
Onions, ₱ bbl	3 00@3 25	Cranberries, ₱ bbl Maine	9 00@10 00
Cape Cod	11 00@12 00		

Sugar.

Granulated	..... 9¾	Extra C	9¼

Fruit.

Muscatel Raisins	2 75@3 40	London Layers	3 10@3 15
Valencia	9@9½	Turkish Prunes	7½@8c

Oranges.

Palermos ₱ box	@	Messina, ₱ box	0 00@0 00
Valencia Pieces	6 00@7 00	Jamaica ₱ 100	2 50

Lemons.

Messina	4 50@4 75	Palermo	3 50@4 00
Malaga	3 00@3 25		

Nuts.

Peanuts— Wilmington	1 60@2 00	Virginia	1 75@2 00
Tennessee	1 45@1 75	Chestnuts, ₱ lb.	@15c
Walnuts	12½@15c	Filberts	12½@15c
Pecan	12½@15c		

Grain.

H. M. Corn, car lots	77	Oats, "	55
Sacked Bran	00@24 00	Mids	27 00
Cotton Seed, car lot	32 50	" bag lots	35 00
Corn, bag lots	80	Meal, "	77
Oats, "	56	Rye, "	1 30

Provisions.

Mess Beef	11 00@11 50	Mess Pork	12 25@12 50
Plate	13 00@13 50	Ex Plate	13 75@14 00

Lard.

Tub, ₱ lb	11¾@12	Tierces, lb	11¾@12
Pail	12½@13¼		

Beans.

Pea	3 65	Medium	3 50@3 65
Yellow Eyes	2 75@2 85		

Butter.

Creamery	32@35	Gilt Edge Vermont	32@35
Choice "	22@25	Good	19@21
Store	16@17		

Cheese.

Maine	12½@14	Vermont	12½@14
N

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4.

THE PRESS

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G. Fessenden, Marquis, Brunel & Co., Andrews, Armstrong, Cox, Wentworth, Hodsdon, A. T. Cleveland, Robert Costello, Boston & Maine Depot, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.

Auburn, Willard Small & Co.
Augusta, F. Pierce.
Bangor, J. H. Babb & Co.
Bath, of J. O. Shaw.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham.
" Jellerson's Bookstore.
Bridgton, Daniel Dickens.
Brunswick, B. G. Dennison.
Cumberland Mills, F. A. Verrill.
Damariscotta, E. W. Dunbar
Freeport, W. A. Mitchell.
Fryeburg, R. C. Harmon and Shirley & Lewis.
Gardiner, Palmer & Co.
Gorham, J. Irish.
Hallowell, O. L. Spaulding.
Lewiston, Chandler & Estes.
Lisbon, C. E. Judkins.
Mechanic Falls, A. W. Bridge, F. A. Millett.
Norway, A. O. Noyes.
Richmond, G. A. Beale.
Rockland, O. C. Andrews.
Sabattus, E. H. Johnson.
Saccarappa, at the Post Office.
Saco, of L. Hodsdon and H. B. Kendrick.
Thomaston, S. Delano.
Vinalhaven, B. Lane.
Waldoboro, G. Bliss.
Waterville, J. M. Wall.
Wiscasset, Gibbs & Rundlett.
Woodford's Corner, H. Moody.
Yarmouth, G. E. Coombs.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

ENTERTAINMENTS.
Grand Concert and Ball—H & L.
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.
Dr. E. Tourjee's Fifth Tour.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Europe—E. Tourjee.
Notice of Foreclosure.
Card.
C. E. Williams & Co.
Board of Trade—Annual Meeting.
Wanted.
Irish Land League.

Parties intending to visit Europe the coming season will be interested in the announcement in another column of Dr. E. Tourjee's Fifth Tour.

Humbugged Again.

I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months' use of the Bitters my wife was cured, and she has remained so for eighteen months since. I like such humbugging.—H T., St. Paul [*Pioneer Press.*]

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price Twenty-five Cents a bottle. dec3S,M&W&w1w49

The great popular remedy of the day, for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and all Lung difficulties, is *Adamson's Botanic Balsam.* Inexpensive, reliable, pleasant to take, cures as by magic, and gives universal satifaction. A trial is the best testimonial. Price, 35 cents. Trial size, 10 cts. jan2,M,W,S&w

In Good Spirits.

T. Walker, Cleveland, O., writes: "For the last twelve months I have suffered with lumbago and general debility, I commenced taking BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS about six weeks ago, and now have great pleasure in stating that I have recovered my appetite, my complexion has grown ruddy, and feel better al together." Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents. jan2 d1w

Men and Things Come and Go, but old Brown Windsor is not removed from the toilet of the fashionable world. The purest and most fragrant is that of the London firm—J. & E. ATKINSON. dec31S&W

PORTLAND POST OFFICE.

December 5, 1881.

OFFICE HOURS:
From 8.00 a. m. to 8.30 p. m., Sundays excepted. Sundays, open for Carriers and General Delivery from 9 to 10 a. m.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Boston and intermediate offices—Arrive at 12.45 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m., 12.25 and 9.00 p. m.
Boston and the West—Arrive at 12.45, 5.10, 8.10, and 11.10 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m., 12.25, 3.00 and 9.00 p. m.
Intermediate or Way Mails, via Boston & Maine Railway—Arrive at 12.45 and 8.10 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m. and 12.25 p. m.
Great Southern & Western—Arrive at 12.45 5.10, 8.10 and 11.10 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m., 12.25, 3.00 and 9.00 p. m.
Bangor and connecting routes—Arrive at 1.20 p. m. Close at 11.45 a. m.
Augusta and connecting routes—Arrive at 9.00 a. m. and 1.20 p. m. Close at 11.45 a. m. and 4.45 and 9.00 p. m.
Morning Northwestern, by Grand Trunk Railway Arrive at 8.40 a. m. Close at 7.00 a. m.
Lewiston and Auburn—Arrive at 2.05 and 9.00 a. m. and 1.20 p. m. Close at 6.30 and 11.45 a. m. 4.45 and 9.00 p. m.
Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, S. W. Harbor, Mt. Desert, Jonesport, Machias, Machisport, East Machias, Millbridge and Bar Harbor, via each steamer—Arrive at 6 a. m. Close at 9 p. m.
Eastport, via each steamer—Arrive at 6.00 a. m Close at 5.00 p. m.
Foreign mails, via New York, day previous to sailing of steamers—Close at 8.15 a. m.
Express, Augusta, Bangor and the East—Arrive at 2.05 a. m. Close at 9.00 p. m.
Skowhegan, intermediate offices and the north—Arrive at 1.20 p. m. Close at 11.45 a. m.
Skowhegan also closes at 9.00 p. m.
Canada and intermediate offices, via G. T. R.—Arrive at 12.25 p. m. Close at 1.00 p. m.
Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island—Close at 11.45 a. m. and 9.00 p. m.
Swanton, Vt., and intermediate offices, via P. & O. R. R.—Arrive at 6.45 p. m. Close at 7.45 a. m.
Bartlett, N. H., and intermediate offices, via P. & O. R. R.—Arrive at 11.15 a. m. Close at 2.00 p. m.
Worcester, Mass., and intermediate offices, via P. & R. R. R.—Arrive at 1.35 p. m. Close at 12.25 p. m.
Rochester, N. H., and intermediate offices, via P. & R. R. R.—Close at 7.00 a. m.
Carriers' deliveries are made daily (Sundays excepted,) in the business portion of the city at 7.00 and 10.00 a. m., and 2.00 p. m. In other sections at 8.00 and 11.45 a. m., and 3.00 p. m. Collections are made on week days at 7.00 and 11.00 a. m. and 2.00 and 8.00 p. m. On Sundays at 6.00 p. m.

Municipal Court.

BEFORE JUDGE KNIGHT.

TUESDAY.—William Tate, Thomas McDermott, Henry Coffrey. Intoxication. Fined $5 and costs.

Catherine Tierney. Intoxication. Ninety days in county jail.

John Rourke, Albert Sweetsir, Edward Price and Watson Raymond. Loud noise on streets. Fined $5 and ¼ costs.

Thomas McDermott. Assault on police officer Fined $20 and costs.

Brief Jottings.

Bright, clear and cold yesterday morning. Mercury indicated 2° below zero at sunrise, 5° above at 8 a. m., 22° above at noon, and 16° at sunset; wind north-west.

A request has been made that there should not be a lecture before the Woman Suffrage Society on account of the world's week of prayer. The next lecture will be at Congress Hall, a week from Wednesday, Jan 11th.

Williston church observes the week of prayer with a prayer meeting every evening this week except Sunday.

The sleighing was enjoyed by many yesterday and Congress street was very gay.

The County Commissioners organized yesterday by the election of Hon. W. L. Prince as chairman.

Eagle Hook and Ladder, No. 2, have elected John N. Long foreman, Fred H. Webster clerk.

The State wholesale grange store at Portland has increased its business $8,000 over last year.

James Lewis, who claims Portland for his residence, stole an overcoat from a hall-way in Dover Saturday. No such man is known here.

Remember the Emancipation meeting at Congress Hall to-night.

The Ocean Insurance Co. declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent.

Members of the Congregational Club should procure their tickets of the Secretary previous to to-morrow afternoon.

At the annual meeting of Washington Hook and Ladder, No. 1, R. W. Jackson was elected foreman and W. R. Gribbin clerk. The boys will give a grand concert and ball at City Hall next Tuesday evening.

There were 31 intentions of marriage recorded with the City Clerk for December.

The thermometer registered 18° below zero at Fryeburg yesterday; Deering, 7° below; Yarmouth, 16° below.

Officers Harris and Jackson arrested one of the crew or the Ontario last night for stealing an overcoat from a fellow sailor.

Hon. Geo. W. Dadd will deliver an address before the Irish Land League Friday evening next.

Temperance Meeting.

The Gospel Mission was well filled last evening by a deeply interested audience. Brief and earnest speeches were made by Messrs. Russell, E. H. Pearson, Winslow, Sterling, Robinson and many others. At the close an appeal was made for those present who had not already signed the pledge to come and do so, and twelve names were added. Meeting this evening at 7½ o'clock. All are invited.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Adjourned Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

The adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held last evening. The following business was transacted:

A guardian was appointed for an insane person.

The City Civil Engineer presented his plans for sewers to be built in 1882 with the assessments for same, and an order was passed that they be published in the daily papers, to give notice to those interested.

The petition of A. A. Mitchell, for permission to erect a steam engine in his building on Commercial street, was referred to the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department with power.

The petition of F. H. Hamlin, for permission to erect an engine and boiler in the laundry on Temple street, was referred with power.

The petition of Gilbert Soule, for renewal of permit for an engine on Holyoke wharf was referred with power.

Mrs. N. H. Palmer was granted permission to open on intelligence office on Temple street.

An order was passed that the Mayor be instructed to attend annual meeting of the stockholders of the Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad to be held on the 17th inst. to throw the vote of the city for the re-election of the present board of directors.

Alderman Hassett introduced an order that the City Treasurer pay to Policemen Pennell, Harmon, Covell and Stover their salaries in full that had become due. The order was passed by a vote of 4 yeas to 2 nays.

The petition of the Maine Electric Light and Power Co., introduced at the last meeting, was taken from the table.

Alderman Deering moved that a special joint committee be appointed to report to the City Government the expediency of granting the petition, and Aldermen Deering and Winslow were appointed by the mayor to act on the part of the Board.

Alderman Deering also stated that soon many of the small cities would probably be lighted by the electric light. In his capacity as the City Gas Agent he had taken notice of the change in gas stock where the light had been introduced, and thought that sooner or later there would be a depreciation in the stock in this city. In view of this fact he introduced an order that a special joint committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of selling the city gas stock, with the understanding that the proceeds shall be used towards the liquidation of the city debts maturing next year and in the future.

The order was given a passage and Aldermen Deering and Winslow were appointed to act on the part of the Board.

Papers from the lower Board, sent up at the last meeting, were passed in concurrence.

Natural History Society.

At the meeting Monday evening it was voted to exchange correspondence and circulars with other societies.

The parties nominated for membership at the preceding meeting were elected, and Prof. Carmichael of Bowdoin College was nominated for associate member.

Donations were announced of the sternum of an elder duck from N. C. Brown; Irish bog oak ornaments from Mrs. P. H. Brown; Chinese nuts from F. O. Conant; fossil wood from Everett Smith; columbite from N. T. True; fossil shark and elephant's teeth from Capt. W. Andrews; ostrich egg and Zulu spear from T. Foden; goshawk from Merrill Place; dissections of herring gull from Dr. C. D. Smith; fossil fish from W. T. Holt; and a mounted specimen of marsh-hawk, donor unknown.

It was announced that Leslie A. Lee, professor of natural history at Bowdoin College, will read a paper Jauary 16th, upon the work of the fish commission during the last season, he having been an assistant in that expedition.

A large number of valuable publications were announced as having been received from foreign and home societies. Also a very valuable series of the publications of London societies, forwarded to our society by Hon. Josiah Pierce of that society.

Presentations.

Yesterday the officials of Cumberland County in attendance on the offices in Portland, presented to Hon. L. E. Cram, the County Commissioner whose term expired Dec. 31st, an elegant reclining chair and foot rest, upholstered in silk and worsted through Hon. W. L. Prince. Mr. Prince's remarks were most felicitous and Mr. Crom appropriately responded. He was taken completely by surprise, but said while he valued the gift for itself he was more pleased with the friendly spirit that it signified.

Mr. Oscar Ainsley has just been made the recipient of a costly gold ring presented by the employees of the Preble House as a token of their high regard and kindly feeling. Mrs. George H. Weeks made the presentation speech, Mr. Ainsley responding in very fitting terms. The tribute was a deserved one, as all who know Mr. Ainsley will avow.

A pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Larrabee last evening in commemoration of the tenth anniversary of their marriage. Their friends, to the number of about fifty, took temporary possession of their home, bringing refreshments with them. In addition to the fine gifts usual upon this anniversary, they left, as marks of their affection and esteem, an elegant silver tea service, ice pitcher and goblet and wicker rocker which were appropriately presented in behalf of the friends by Hon. S. C. Andrews. Mr. Larrabee, in a few well chosen words, in behalf of himself and wife expressed his gratitude for these kind tokens of friendship and remembrance.

Wedding Celebrations.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Elroy Noyes, of Pownal, gave them a delightful serenade at the hands of the Freeport Cornet Band Monday night and were invited in and partook of an excellent oyster supper.

The golden wedding of Rev. Mr. Goo and wife was celebrated at the house of their daughter, Mrs. Elijah L. Thompson, 152 Newbury street, Monday evening. Rev. Mr. Goo will be remembered as the former pastor of the Baptist church at Great Chebeague Island. Relatives and friends were present, and there were appropriate presents and literary exercises. A poem written for the occasion was read by Mrs. Miriam Bachelder, of Cape Elizabeth.

In the same house, 70 Thomas street, two wedding anniversaries were celebrated the same evening, the silver wedding of Jonathan Clay and wife, and the crystal wedding of Daniel Brooks. The guests left reminders of their visit in the shape of a goodly number of beautiful and useful presents.

Annual Meetings.

The Union Wharf Company postponed its annual meeting yesterday until the fourth Tuesday in January.

The Cape Elizabeth Wharf and Marine Railway Company have elected the following officers:

President—Charles H. Chase.
Clerk and Treasurer—Henry Chase.
Directors—Charles H. Chase, Daniel Chase, Nathan Weston.

At the annual meeting of the Portland Cadets, held at their armory Monday evening, the following officers were elected:

President—F. L. Moseley.
Secretary—H. G. Eastman.
Treasurer—C. F. Tobey.
Quartermaster—F. G. Rogers.
Armorer—T. J. Hogan.
Executive Committee — Capt. Winslow, Lieuts. York and Illsley, Sergt. I. H. Baker, Corp. C. F. Tobey.

Cumberland Mills.

The Warren Church Sunday School elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Superintendent—E. B. Newcomb.
Assistant Superintendent—Wm. Varnum.
Librarian—Wm. Holston.
Assistant Librarian—Fred Verrill.

Sunday School Committee—Deacon J. E. Warren, Deacon James Graham, Mrs. E. B. Newcomb and pastor.

The Warren Paper Company are making preparations to add two more rotary boilers to their pulp works. They already have four.

A Mutual Relief Association has been organized among the operatives.

Ground has been broken for the foundation of the large brick store-house to be built in the spring.

Fred Verrill, the popular news agent, has opened a stand in Elwell's confectionery store, where he will sell the Portland and Boston dailies.

Personal.

At the coming in of the Superior Court yesterday Judge Bonney appointed Mr. A. A. Dennett clerk of the court. When the Supreme Court comes in next week Mr. Dennett will be appointed clerk of the court by Judge Virgin.

BOSTON & MAINE.

Further Particulars from the Accident.

Most of the sufferers by the accident Monday, on the Boston & Maine road, who came through to this city, continued their journey homeward yesterday. The nine sufferers at the Maine General Hospital were all doing well yesterday, and the doctors thought Conductor Weymouth would come out all right unless erysipelas should set in. Mr. Bennett, who stopped at the City Hotel, was very badly cut about the head, and had other injuries. The doctors kept him up on stimulants, and thought he would come out all right after reaching home and quieting down.

Mr. Watson, clerk of the Preble House, was in the baggage car at the time of the accident. He did not consider himself hurt much, but yesterday he was confined to his bed at his house in Tolman Place.

It is possible Mr. Downs may recover.

Mr. Smalley of Boston, who was hurt about the head, was able to return home yesterday morning.

A dispatch from Haverhill yesterday afternoon stated that the man who was killed was not A. O. Kidder, as supposed, but James C. Hodgdon, of the firm of Hodgdon Brothers' shoe contractors, Haverhill. Mr. Hodgdon was about 48 years of age. He leaves a widow and three children.

Mr. H. M. Howes, of the firm of Howes, Hilton & Co., of this city, was in the disaster and received a painful though not serious wound on the head.

The Boston and Maine officials have repaired the wrecked bridge, and yesterday the trains crossed the roadway as usual.

In examining the remains of the broken bridge it was found by the wheel-marks on the stringers that the accident must have been caused by the breaking of a journal on the forward end of the baggage car which followed the second locomotive. This caused the wheels to leave the track and strike the bridge truss, knocking it from its position. Of course the whole structure instantly collapsed. The great mass of twisted iron has now been cleared away. The bent beams, curled rails and shattered stone show how terribly severe must have been the shock. The remains of the baggage and parlor cars are tipped up on the embankment east of the gap. The stone face of the eastern abutment was scaled off to a considerable thickness by the intense heat of the fire which followed the wreck.

Yesterday morning a crowd of sight-seers collected at the scene of the disaster, attracted from all the surrounding country.

Mr. Sargent, the coroner, has organized a jury and adjourned to Thursday.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

UNCLE TOM.

The last performance of Uncle Tom's Cabin will be given at Portland Theatre to-night. Last night there was a good attendance and all the various features of the entertainment received a hearty recognition.

PATIENCE.

"Patience" is to be presented at City Hall on Saturday next. Its success at the Boston Museum, where it was first presented in this country, was instantaneous and has continued uninterruptedly until the present time. Mr. George Wilson, the orginal "Bunthorne," has no superior in this character, and the balance of the cast have received most flattering endorsements from both the press and public, the chorus of dragoons and rapturous maidens coming in for their full share of praise. Stockbridge is selling the tickets.

COLLINS' BAND.

The programme for Collins' Band concert to be given at City Hall Thursday night, and published in the PRESS, is one that will display this organization at its best. The band has practiced carefully and continuously, and a delightful evening may be anticipated, especially when we know the drill of the High School Cadets will add its attractions.

CONCERT AT THE CAPE.

The following programme was rendered at the concert given at the Cape last evening:

Piano Solo—Cacouca caprice ..... Raff
Miss Annie Willey.
Song—When 'tis moonlight ..... White
Miss Carrie Deane.
Violin Solo—Andante caprice ..... De Beriot
Miss Bertie Webb.
Song—Janet's choice ..... Charidel
Mrs. Jennie King Morrison.
Cornet Solo—Une Serenade ..... Chapella
Mr. Frank Moore.
Song—I have something sweet to tell you. Selected
Miss Carrie Deane.
Piano Solo—Il Rigoletto ..... Verdi
Miss Annie Willey.
Violin Solo—Andante and Polacca ..... Eichberg
Miss Bertie Webb.
Song—Only a summer shower ..... Marzial
Mrs. Jennie King Morrison.
Cornet Solo—L'Eclair ..... J. Levy
Mr. Frank Moore.

NOTES.

Miss Linda Dietz will shortly return to America and appear in a new play in which she has acted in England. It is a version of Faust and Marguerite.

Mr. John S. Clarke is said to have paid Mr. A. R. Cazauran $3000 for a new five act comedy. The play will be produced first at the Haymarket Theatre, London.

A Tribune reporter met Oscar Wilde at quarantine and had a talk with him. The poet is over six feet tall, thin and generally pointed in all his features. He talks with a burly voice, and laughs loudly very often. He does not look æsthetic, and he said he found the voyage dull. Being asked to tell just what æstheticism is, he laughed and said: "It is the science of the beautiful, you know. In this modern movement there is a searching after the true, you know." In further conversation, he said he should lecture here, and had two plays to bring out—one in blank verse. The reason he did not bring out his Russian play in England was because he could not get a cast to suit him

Collision.

Yesterday morning the steamer Mary W Libby, on her first trip over the ferry route, ran into the boat belonging to the schooner Fred Gray, which lay anchored in the ferry way. The main boom of the schooner nearly broke the steamer's smoke stack off, but no other damage was done to her. The schooner's tender was smashed. The cause of the collision was the dense vapor that hung over the bay. No blame can be attached to the captain of the ferry boat as the schooner was anchored directly in his way and could not be seen until he was close to her. Had she ran into the schooner, which was loaded with ice loss of life would probably have resulted as she had a large number of passengers.

Studley.

It is a great pleasure to do business with Studley, who keeps the well known dry goods store at No. 253 Middle street, because his manner and that of his clerks towards customers indicates that they are welcome. This is a manner too often neglected by storekeepers. Then again Studley always keeps excellent goods and he has now marked down his large stock so that during the next fifteen days great bargains can be made at his store. Thus an admirable opportunity is afforded to get stylish and fashionable goods of every kind at a considerable reduction on what the customer would have had to pay early in the season. Call and see the goods.

Attempted Burglary.

This morning two men named Thomas Burke and John Doherty were discovered in the rear of Smith's clothing store on Federal street, by Mr. and Mrs. Nahum Littlefield. Mrs. Littlefield had left her washing hanging on the line in their yard. Hearing a noise in that direction she got out of bed and looked, thinking some one was stealing her clothes. She noticed the men as they were removing the iron shutter from a rear window of the store, and spoke to her husband. He then notified the police, and officers, Warren, Fickett, Covell and Frank entrapped the fellows. The prisoners had been imbibing pretty freely of liquor.

Western Union.

The annual reduction in rates by the Western Union Telegraph Company, made January 1st, makes the highest tariff from Portland to any office in Maine 30 cents. From Portland to any office in New England, New Brunswick or Nova Scotia the highest rate will be 40 cents. Rates from Portland to offices in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Virginia are reduced from $1.00 to 60 cents. Rates to offices in Southern States are reduced from $1.00 to 75 cents. Rates to Pacific States are reduced from $2.00 to $1.50.

Cornish.

Greenleaf Lodge, 117, F. & A. M., has elected the following officers:

W. M.—Howard Brackett.
S. W.—James C. Ayer.
J. W.—Gilbert Chase.
Treasurer—Cyrus G. Marr.
Secretary—Preston Durgin.
S. D.—Joseph B. Watson.
J. D.—Eben Barker.

This Lodge is in a flourishing condition and now numbers 170. A public installation will be held on the 19th.

The Ossippee Valley Lodge, I. O. O. F., held a public installation Monday night. A fine supper was given, the attendance large and the exercises interesting.

Sons of Oxford.

In connection with the proposed celebration by the sons of Oxford county resident in Portland of the formation of the county, Hon. John J. Perry of this city, writes to the Oxford Democrat a partial list of the Oxford Bears as follows:

Samuel E. Spring, a native of Brownfield; Charles E. Allen, of the firm of Allen & Co.; Joseph A. King, firm of King & Dexter; Charles J. Chapman and E. A. Norton, firm of Norton, Chapman & Co.; Thomas E. Twitchell and Cullen C. Chapman, firm of Twitchell, Chapman & Co.; Robert Douglass, firm of Hayes & Douglass; Charles J. Walker, firm of C. J. Walker & Co.; Joseph A. Kendall, firm of Chadbourn & Kendall; Ephraim M. Stedman, firm of E. M. Stedman & Co.; A. S. Hinds, John H. Whitney, the Shurtleff brothers, Dr. S. C. Gordon, Dr. A. S. Thayer, Hon. Israel Washburn, Elbridge Gerry, George F. Emery, George Walker, John J. Perry, S. C. Andrews, Warren H. Vinton, George F. Holmes, Clarence Hale, Judge William Wirt Virgin, Judge Enoch Knight, John M. Adams and E. S. Osgood. Drs. Greene and Tewksbury were also natives of Oxford county.

Sherman Mills.

The winter thus far has been unfavorable for lumbermen, and some concerns would have taken their teams out of the woods had we not had snow just then. Some have all the lumber yarded they dare risk on long roads.

The upper M. C. R. surveying party is two miles south of Slim Pond, west of Patten, and the lower party has reached the east branch of the Penobscot near Mud Brook, leaving some twenty miles of unsurveyed territory between them.

Christmas services were held at the Congregational church at the Mills on Sunday forenoon, and a Christmas Sunday School concert in the evening. Both were very interesting.

There were several neighborhood and family gatherings, where were well laden trees with useful and ornamental presents, which were distributed to hundreds of happy persons.

Our public schools are progressing finely. L. C. C.

Poland.

At the town hall Saturday evening, Dec. 31st, the Poland Dramatic Association played the drama entitled "The Last Loaf," with great success. The drama was followed by a burlesque, "The Corduroy Family," which brought down the house. The entertainment of the evening was concluded by a grand hop.

L. F. Howe delivered a temperance lecture at the Union church Sunday evening, Jan. 1st to a large audience.

The singing school in this village taught by Alvin Pulsifer of East Poland proves to be successful.

A dancing school will commence next week, under the instruction of the well known teacher, A. B. Gee of Bridgton.

The winter term of school has commenced, of which the former teacher, B. M. Fernald, has charge.

About one foot of snow fell Sunday night, and Monday we heard for the first time this winter, the jingle and the tingle of sleigh bells. K.

Bath Orphan Asylum.

The annual meeting of the Orphans' Home Association was held at Bath Monday, President Torrey in the chair. The report of the president was read, showing the number of children in the home to be sixty-seven. The expenses of the home were between $700 and $800 less than last year. Capt. S. T. Woodward declined the use of his name as trustee for another year. Charles A. Coombs, A. D. Stetson and Rev. E. W. Preble were unanimously elected trustees. The following were elected lady visitors: Mrs. D. G. Sargent, Augusta; Mrs. Ira D. Sturgis, Augusta; Mrs. C. M. Fawcett, Rockland; Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, Stroudwater; Miss Jane Watts, Thomaston; Mrs. Moses Giddings, Bangor; Mrs. H. K. Baker, Hallowell; Mrs. T. H. Rich, Lincoln; Mrs. Dickerson, Belfast; Mrs. A. J. Fuller, Bath; Miss Jane Shaw, Bath.

Limington.

Mr. Noah Randall of South Limington "broke up" with two teams three days last week.

Eight inches of snow fell on Sunday night and Monday forenoon.

Mr. Joab Black expects to have cut and handled 1000 cords of oak for staves this winter; 400 cords to be manufactured at Nason's Mills; 600 cords to be manufactured at Bonny Eagle.

Chipmunks were out quite plenty during the warm weather of last week. P.

STATE NEWS.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

The Lewiston Journal says that Messrs. Gray & Foss of Auburn propose to build a shoe factory 150 feet long; and four stories high on Mill street, Lewiston, next spring. They will obtain power from the new company which has recently bought the old Frye mill property.

The receipts of the Lewiston post office for the last quarter were $5,332.90. This is the first quarter in which they have reached $5,000.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

The Kennebec Journal says that the Kennebec is freezing, and the Augusta Journal says if the weather is good, the operations will be immense. It is estimated that there are now 165,000 tons of ice in the houses along the Kennebec, carried over from last year. A large amount of ice will be cut around Augusta. The ice on Bond brook is now seven inches in thickness, and of excellent quality. S. B. Glazier of Hallowell will erect a house on his land below the freight depot, Hallowell, of from 10,000 to 15,000 tons capacity. Messrs. Bodwell, Allen & Bodwell, are to put up a house near their steam saw mill in Pittston.

OXFORD COUNTY.

The Norway shoe factory is turning out 25 cases per day with 250 hands. It will probably soon be running at full capacity.

Mrs. Levi Millett of Norway has a linen shawl woven in time of the war of 1812 by Miss Alphia Stephens. It is checked blue and white, with wide blue border. She is also the possessor of several interesting relics of the battle of Bunker Hill, preserved by her father, Dudley Pike, who was engaged in that memorable fight.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Hon. L. A. Emery, one of the principal owners of the Bangor and Bucksport railroad, says it will cost $300,000 exclusive of right of way, station houses, freight houses, etc., to extend the road to Ellsworth. To pay the interest on the loan, the road must earn $18,000 net per year, and to pay the owners 6 per cent, on their investment it would have to earn $24,000 net. At present the road earns but $5,000 net. Nevertheless, if the owners of land along the proposed route will give a free right of way it is possible the road can be built.

The annual meeting of the Maine Board of Agriculture is to be held at the State House, Augusta, on Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 18th and 19th.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The Pembroke Herald says that Mrs. Levi Fisher of Charlotte, who was so severely burned some weeks since, is now rapidly recovering; Mrs. Enoch Fisher, who was injured by being thrown from her carriage last autumn, is also reported as being much improved.

WALDO COUNTY.

Capt. Chas. T. Gilmore was lost overboard from schooner Florida of Belfast, while off Boone Island, on the 30th ult. Although a boat was lowered, and every effort made to save him, he was drowned. His son was second mate of the Florida at the time of the accident. Capt. Gilmore leaves a wife and children.

YORK COUNTY.

Ploughs were at work in Kittery and Eliot on Thursday last, and in Saco Friday the 30th. The frost was then entirely out of the ground.

Anybody can catch a cold now. The trouble is to let go, like the man who caught the bear. We advise our readers to keep a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup handy.

In Insolvency.

Court of Insolvency for the County of Cumberland, State of Maine. January 3, A. D. 1882.

In case of CLAUDIUS M. LANE, Insolvent Debtor.

THIS is to give notice that on the thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1881, a warrant in insolvency was issued by Henry C. Peabody, Judge of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland, against the estate of said

CLAUDIUS M. LANE, of Portland,

in the county of Cumberland, adjudged to be an Insolvent debtor, on petition of said debtor, which petition was filed on the thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1881, to which date interest on claims is to be computed.

That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor and the transfer and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law;

That a meeting of the creditors of said debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at Probate Court room in said Portland, on the sixteenth day of January A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

GEORGE W. PARKER,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland.
jan3&10

Associated Charities

Particular Notice.

Our citizens are earnestly requested to send the name of every person applying to them for charity to the Secretary. By so doing they will aid the person whose name they send. Persons wanting washing done, snow shoveled, wood sawed, or other common labor will help the cause by applying to the Secretary. Address simply, Secretary Associated Charities, City Building.
dec20 d2m eod

E. N. FRESHMAN & BROS.
Advertising Agents,
1186 W. FOURTH ST., CINCINNATI

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

C. E. WILLIAMS & CO

JOB PRINTERS.

Having purchased the well-known and finely equipped office of HENRY F. PERRY & CO., I am now thoroughly prepared to execute any and every description of

Fine Book and Job Printing,

and request my friends and customers and the former patrons of H. F. Perry & Co., to hereafter bring their orders to me at

NUMBER 96 EXCHANGE ST.

C. E. WILLIAMS,
jan4 Formerly of Harris & Williams. d2w

Notice of Foreclosure.

WHEREAS, SARAH A. RAND, of Standish, in the County of Cumberland and State of Maine, by her deed, dated June 6th, 1872, recorded in Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 391, Page 358, conveyed to me the undersigned, in mortgage, a certain parcel of real estate, situated in Standish, in the County of Cumberland: the same being the one-hundred acre lot of land, numbered one hundred and ten in the third division of lots in said Standish, with all the building on the same, and is the same premises conveyed to John C. Dyer, by Theophilus Dyer and Abigail Dyer, by deed dated May 12th, 1868, and recorded in the Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 368, Page 428. The condition of said mortage having been broken, I the undersigned, by reason thereof, claim a foreclosure.

LEMUEL RICH, 3d.
Standish January 3d, 1882. jan4d1aw3wW*

CARD

WE have this day changed the style of our firm from SWEETSER & MERRILLS, to

E. H. & L. H. MERRILL.

Thanking our patrons for past favors, we hope with increased facilities for business, to merit a larger share of their trade in the future.

EDWARD H. MERRILL,
LOUVILLE H. MERRILL.
Portland, Jan. 3, 1882. jan4dlw

Board of Trade—Annual Meeting.

THE annual meeting of the Board of Trade, for the choice of officers and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before this meeting, will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms on Monday, January 9th, 1882, at 7 30 o'clock p. m.

Per order, M. N. RICH, Secretary.
jan4dtd

WANTED.

By a married man, a permanent situation as clerk, or as assistant book keeper. Would prefer to go in some wholesale store. Address "N." Press Office.
jan4 d1w

EUROPE AND THE HOLY LAND

Tourjee's Fifth Educational Excursion 1882

All Travel and Hotels first-class. More included for the money than in any Excursion ever offered. Special advantages secured for Sight Seeing and visiting the graded centres of Art and Historic interest in the Old World. COMPANY SELECT, Numbers limited. 32-page Prospectus sent free. Address E. TOURJEE, Boston, Mass.
jan4 1aw3wW

IRISH LAND LEAGUE.

Hon. G. W. Ladd will lecture under the auspices of the Land League, at I. A. R. A. Hall, Friday evening, January 6th. The public are cordially invited.
jan4 d3t

ESQUIMAUX

Inner Soles for Cold Feet!

Ladies' & Misses' Exceedingly FINE KID

Button Boot,

Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers

from the best manufacturers in the world. Ladies' Waterproof Cork Sole Walking Boots. Misses' and Children's Waterproof School Boots, Extension edges and low heels. Whittier's Heel Protectors keep children's ankles from turning and add one-half to the wear of the shoes.

E. T. MERRILL,
455 Congress Street.
OPPOSITE U. S. HOTEL.
dec8 dtf

CLOSING OUT

During the present week we shall offer great inducement in prices on Fancy Goods. All who are looking for bargains should visit our basement and examine the stock.

Owen, Moore & Co.
dec28 dtf

DIARIES.

A large assortment of Diaries for 1882 at

FRANK B. CLARK'S,
Bookseller and Stationer,
515 Congress St.
dec29 dtf

GRAND OPENING

OF

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Monday, December 5th.

We shall exhibit a choice stock of Holiday goods consisting of a thousand and one pretty and inexpensive, useful and fancy articles for presents for adults and children, not an old stock carried over from former years, but all new and fresh goods.

Articles for children to purchase in great variety. Prices from one cent upwards.

All are cordially invited to look at these goods whether they purchase or not.

J. M. DYER & CO.,
511 Congress Street.
dec6 eodtf

Artist's Materials.

CYRUS F. DAVIS,
FINE ART STORE
593 Congress Street.
dec16 eodtf

REMOVAL.

We have removed our stock from 547 Congress St., to our NEW STORE in

FARRINGTON BLOCK,
No. 433 CONGRESS STREET.

Where we hope to see all our old friends.

BOSTON 5c. STORE.
dec29 d1w*

INSURANCE

MARINE INSURANCE!

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK,

INSURE AGAINST MARINE RISKS ONLY.

This Company will take risks at their office, New York, on Vessels, Cargoes and Freights, and issue open policies to merchants, making risks binding as soon as water-borne.

Year Ending Dec. 31, 1880:

Total Amount of Premiums for the Year

$5,728,622.27.

ASSETS,

$12,608,356.71

Six Per Cent Interest on Outstanding Scrip Paid On and After Feb. 1, 1881.

Dividends to Policy Holders on Premiums Terminating in 1880

40 PER CENT.

Losses Paid in Thirty Days After Proof.

J. D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice President
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice President,
A. A. RAVEN, 3d Vice President.
J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.
Feb. 9, 1881. feb9d1mteod11m&w6w6

To Persons Desiring Insurance.

W. D. LITTLE & CO.

Are furnishing insurance for their friends and customers, on as favorable terms as any other agency in Portland.

They represent the old

Phœnix Assurance Company

OF LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1782.

Total Assets, ... $5,266,372.37
Liabilities, ... $2,096,355.87

Net Surplus, ... $3,170,016.52

Losses Paid, over $63,000,000.

ALSO THE

Old Phœnix, of Hartford, Assets, - - $3,800,000.
Losses Paid, over $3,000,000.
Continental, of New York, Assets, - - $4,000,000.
National of Hartford, Assets, - - $1,600,000.
Orient, of Hartford, Assets, - - $1,200,000.
Shoe & Leather, of Boston, Assets, - - $1,200,000.
Commonwealth, of Boston, Assets, - - $800,000.
Western, of Toronto, Assets, - - $1,350,000.
Lion, of London, Assets, - - $1,300,000.
Trans-Atlantic of Hamburg, Assets, - - $900,000.
Northwestern of Milwaukee, Assets, - - $1,100,000.

ALSO, THE OLD

Mutual Life

THE PRESS.

The Dog-Star.

What Has Been Found Out Concerning Sirius and the Worlds that Circle Round Him.

[Richard A. Proctor in Youth's Companion.]

During the Winter months one star can be seen to the right of the glorious Orion, but lower down, which shines more splendidly than any other star in the heavens—though not quite equal in brightness to either of the two planets, Jupiter and Venus. It is Sirius, the Dog-Star, and has in all ages excited the admiration of all observers. It is supposed by some that this splendid star has changed its color during the last 2000 years, for ancient Greek and Roman writers spoke of it as a red star, and Seneca even said that Sirius was ruddier than Mars. But most probably the red light referred to by those older writers was simply that occasional flashing of red light from the star which you can see whenever Sirius is close to the horizon, when, as Tennyson writes,—

"the fiery Sirius alters hue,
And bickers into red and emerald."

When you have learned what Sirius really is you will see how unlikely it is that he can have changed in color within 2000 years—a period which seems long to us but is really as nothing in the life-time of a star.

But what is Sirius? Does the telescope, which seems to bring far objects near, tell us anything about him, as it does about Jupiter, Saturn and other planets? The telescope scarcely tells us anything. The largest yet made by man only shows Sirius as a very bright star. Sir William Herschel tells us that when his great telescope with its four-feet mirror was turned toward Sirius, the approach of the star to the field of view reminded him of the approach of daybreak. But when the star was fairly in view it showed no globe like that of the sun. It was still a mere star, though, of course, very much brighter than any star in the sky. And it is pretty certain that men will never be able to make a telescope which will show the real body of this splendid star.

Yet, for all this, we know quite well what Sirius is. He is a sun like ours, only very much larger. He lies about eight hundred thousand times farther from us than the sun; and we know that if the sun were set eight hundred times farther away than he is, he would only look like a star, and not a very bright star, either. In fact, he would only just be fairly visible on a dark and clear night. He would be very faint indeed compared with Sirius, shining with only one two-hundredth part of that star's light. Now, this does not exactly tell us how large Sirius is, because his great brightness may be partly due to the greater splendor of his surface. A square inch of iron at a white heat gives out much more light than a square inch of iron at a red heat, and yet is not larger. So it may be that though the surface of Sirius gives out so much more light than the surface of the sun, it may yet not be much larger.

Still it seems reasonable to suppose that a sun which is so much more resplendent than our own has a much greater surface. I do not think we shall be very far wrong if we suppose that the surface of Sirius is not more than twice as large as that of our sun. Now, in order that you may see how large Sirius is compared with the great earth on which we live, I may mention that the planet Jupiter is the giant of the solar system, exceeding our earth in size even more, but not much more than the sun exceeds Jupiter. Suppose that Jupiter is represented by a ball one inch in diameter, then the earth on which we live would be represented by a ball rather less than a tenth of an inch in diameter, the sun by a ball some 10 inches in diameter; and Sirius by a globe nearly three yards in diameter according to the small size I have given him, but more than five and one-half yards in diameter according to Sir John Herschel's estimate.

There is yet another way of forming an idea of the vast size of that globe which yet, owing to its enormous distance, looks like a bright point in our skies. The moon travels at a distance from the earth of nearly 240,000 miles, so that the entire span of the moon's orbit is about 480,000 miles. Now the diameter of the sun is about 840,000 miles. So that if the earth were set at the centre of the sun, and the moon traveling at its present distance from her, the whole of the moon's orbit would lie far within the globe of the sun.

It may seem surprising, but yet it is true, that although astronomers have not been able to see, still less to measure, the globe of Sirius, they have yet learned what it is made of—at any rate they know some of its materials. For instance, they know quite certainly that there is iron in it (in the form of gas) and sodium and magnesium, and there are also enormous quantities of the gas called hydrogen. How this has been learned I could not very well explain here. I shall only say that the study of the light of Sirius has shown that part of the light given out by his glowing orb is cut off by certain vapor—much as part of the sun's light is cut off by vapor in our own air when the sun is rising or setting; and just as the ruddy color of the sun at that time shows him to be shining through the vapor of water in the air, so do certain peculiarities in the light of Sirius show that the light has passed through the vapor of iron, sodium, magnesium and hydrogen.

It has been learned also that Sirius is rushing through space at the rate of from 20 to 30 miles in every second of time. He carries along with him, no doubt, all the worlds which travel around his glorious globe. But it must not be supposed that this rapid motion changes his place among the stars in a way we can easily recognize. On the contrary, so enormous is this sun's distance that his change of place can only be detected by means of very powerful telescopes, or else after long periods of time.

And this leads me to consider a singular discovery which has been made about this glorious sun. Of course it is to be supposed that Sirius, like our sun, has a family of worlds travelling round him. This set observers looking for any companion body which might travel round Sirius. For they saw that any such body, to explain the movements of Sirius, must be very large, though of course they expected only to find it much fainter than Sirius himself. However, for a long time they could find no such companion. At last a fine telescope with a glass 18½ inches in diameter, made by the celebrated optician Alvin Clarke of Cambridge, Mass., showed a faint star close by Sirius,—that is, seemingly close, for in reality it was found to be at the very least 2000 millions of miles from him. Later the French astronomer Goldschmidt, with a much smaller telescope, claimed to have detected five other companion stars, and I was recently told by Prof. Pritchett of Glasgow, Mo., that with a fine 12-inch telescope by Alvin Clarke, he had seen two of these. He could not understand, however, how Goldschmidt could have seen them with a smaller telescope, as they were among the faintest stars he had been able to detect with his powerful instrument. If these companion stars are really worlds attending Sirius and shining only by reflected light, they must be enormous bodies. The system of Sirius must in that case as far surpass in size and magnificence the system traveling round our sun as the sun himself is surpassed in glory and in might by the splendid sun we call the Dog star.

Simple Tales for Little Children.

[Denver Tribune.]

1. Here we Have an Album. It is Full of Pictures for little Children with Dirty Fingers to look at. Here are two Pictures of Papa. This is one of him before he was married to Mamma. Now he Looks like a Government Mule hauling a Load of Pig Iron. See if you can put your finger on the Nose and the eyes and the Mouth of Each Picture. Turn down a leaf when you Come to a Pretty Picture you like. The baby is Eating Bread and Molasses. Let him Take the Album and Look at the Pictures, too.

2. This is a Lamp. It is full of Nice Yellow Oil. Can you Light the Lamp? If there is Too much Oil pour Some of it in the Stove. Mamma will not miss the Oil if you Pour it in the Stove, but she may miss You. A little Oil on the Carpet is not a bad thing for the Oil, but it is a bad Thing for the Carpet and You.

3. Do not Make a Noise or you will Wake the Policeman. He is Sitting on the Door Step asleep. It is very Hard on him to Have to Sleep out of Doors these Cold Nights. There is a Bank being Robbed around the Corner and a woman is being killed in the next Block. If the Policeman Waked up he might Find it out and Arrest somebody. Some people Believe this is what Policemen are for, but the Policemen do not think so.

4. Who is this Creature with Long Hair and a Wild eye? He is a poet. He writes poems. He writes Poems on Spring and Women's Eyes and Strange unreal Things of that Kind. He is always Wishing he was dead, but he wouldn't let anybody Kill him if he could Get away. A mighty good sausage stuffer was spoiled when the Man became a Poet. He would look well Standing under a Descending Pile-driver.

5. The Girl is at the Gate. A young man is coming down the Lane. The Girl's papa is Sitting on the front Porch. He is very Old. He has Raised a Family of Eleven children. What is the Poor old Man Thinking about, and why does he gaze so intently at his Right Boot? Maybe he is thinking about Raising the Young Man who is Coming down the Lane.

Beans for Dinner.

[Reno Gazette.]

They tell a good story about one Wymane a diminutive drummer well known here and on the Comstock. He stopped one night in Deming, New Mexico, a favorite resort of the cow-boys.

"Madame," said Abe to the landlady, "give me some dinner and be quick about it. I have not dined since yesterday."

The lady brought him some bean soup.

"Madame, take the soup away. I never eat soup. Bring on the roasts right away."

The lady brought him a large plate of pork and beans.

"Madame, take that away." I never eat those things.

In vain the lady explained that pork and beans was the best that the house afforded. He was obdurate, and wanted roast beef, rare. A mild-mannered, blue-eyed cow-boy at the table then chipped in: "Beggin' pardon, stranger, but you must excuse the lady. We—

Wit and Wisdom.

"Who are you, sir?" retorted the drummer. "I know my business."

"You don't tell me?" said the festive cowboy, drawing his navy. "Now, you eat them beans. I'm goin' to sit here and see you feed. Light into 'em quick; or I'll open you, sure, and put 'em in. This bizness with me, an' I'm shoutin' in yer ear."

The unfortunate drummer saw blood in the air, and was forced to choke four plates of the unwelcome food down before the cowboy was satisfied with his apology to the landlady.

How Plants Obtain Nitrogen.

Of the different capacities of different families of plants to accumulate nitrogen from the air, Prof. R. C. Kedzie of the Michigan Agricultural College says:

"I have said that the plant is incapable of directly appropriating free or atmospheric nitrogen, and this is strictly true. If we plant a seed in a soil deprived of all nitrogen by burning the soil, and water it only with distilled water free from ammonia, the plant will make only a small growth, limited by the amount of nitrogen the seed contained; and the plant itself will contain no more nitrogen than did the seed from which it grew. But if certain classes of plants such as the clovers, peas, beans, vetches, turnips, etc., find a sufficient amount of available nitrogen to secure a vigorous start in growth, they will accumulate a large amount of nitrogen from the air, and store this up for succeeding crops. It is possible that these plants are able to lay hold of free nitrogen in this way in consequence of the ozone they give off during active growth, since it is well known that ozone will bring free nitrogen into chemical combination and form nitric acid in presence of watery vapor.

"While all plants are capable of drawing a certain amount of required nitrogen from the air, they differ greatly in this respect; one class, characterized by broad leaves and abundant foliage, are capable of drawing almost the whole of their nitrogen from the air and leaving a surplus in their remains for the wants of succeeding crops; while another class, which have narrow leaves and a small amount of foliage, are incapable of obtaining a sufficient supply of nitrogen from the air for full development. This distinction is forcibly expressed by Vile, of France, who divides plants into nitrogen producers and nitrogen consumers. Red clover may be taken as the type of the nitrogen producers and wheat of the nitrogen consumers; the one is broad-leaved, has abundance of foliage, and can arrive at high degree of development without the use of nitrogenous manures; the other is strap-leaved, has little foliage, and cannot reach a satisfactory development without a supply of nitrogen beyond what the air can afford; it demands an accumulated supply of nitrogen in the soil. The pressing demand of all cereal crops, is an adequate supply of available nitrogen in the soil. This may be furnished by barnyard manure, by nitrates, salts of ammonia, guano, etc., or it may be furnished by growing crops which have a special power of accumulating nitrogen from the air, burying these in whole or in part in the soil and thus storing up in the soil an amount of available nitrogen for the use of future crops. The power of one crop thus to store up materials for the growth of future crops is a fact that lies at the foundation of successful agriculture.

Dairy Farming and Cheese Making.

The dairy has, perhaps, made more rapid progress of late than any branch of agriculture that can be named. * * * There is no farm industry that has been so well organized. The co-operative factories extend in an almost unbroken line from Maine to California; they can scarcely number less than 5,000, each factory sweeping a circle of influence on a radius of from two to three miles, and through which many thousands of dairymen are held by strong pecuniary bonds. It is a humiliating thing to acknowledge, and yet it is a fact, susceptible of proof that the mass of dairymen have not improved the milking qualities of their herds during a long period of high prices, but on the other hand they have allowed their herds to depreciate in this particular by using refuse cattle from droves, rather than breeding stock on the farm. When cheese brings 15 to 20 cents per pound and butter from 40 to 50 cents, cows that yield 300 pounds of cheese or 100 pounds of butter per year are supposed to return some profit, but when prices fall to this year's rates it is found that these inferior herds do not pay expenses. Now, this is the condition of things largely prevailing in the east, and the whole system must be changed or the poor cow dairyman will be obliged to drop out of the business or go to the wall. But if we assume that a herd can be made to yield six hundred pounds of cheese or three hundred pounds of butter per cow, cheese at 7 cents and butter at 20, have not so discouraging a look; 300 pounds of butter at 20 cents is $60; 100 pounds at 50 cents but $50. * * * That we have a home market the best in the world is shown in the enormous consumption of butter. Our annual butter product has been variously estimated at from 1,000,000,000 to 1,400,000,000 of pounds, nearly the whole of which is consumed at home. Had the proper styles and qualities of cheese been put upon the home markets, our people would have become so educated in its use that nearly the whole make, it is believed, would now be required for home consumption.—From the Dairy, its Profits and Prospects, by Hon. X. A. Willard.

STATEMENT!

UNDER OATH.

A Startling Revelation of Suffering!

"Oh, My God, How I Did Suffer!"

"I HAVE been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. D's Psoriasis, and others Leprosy, commencing on my scalp, and, in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skillful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there could be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of the winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit, and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. ——— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs, feet badly swollen, toe nails came off, finger nails dead and hard as bone, hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. Oh, my God! how I did suffer!

"My sister, Mrs. E. H. Davis, had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She wouldn't give up; said 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier), Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures.) I commenced by taking one table spoonful of Resolvent three times a day, after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat, used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura morning and evening. Result, returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper.

HIRAM E. CARPENTER,
Henderson, Jefferson Co., N. Y.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1880. A. M. LEFFINGWELL, Justice of the Peace.

Cuticura Remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of CUTICURA, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25c. CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING SOAP, 15c.: in bars for barbers and large consumers, 35c. Principal depot.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

SNEEZE, SNEEZE, SNEEZE,

Until your head seems ready to fly off; until your nose and eyes discharge excessive quantities of a thin, irritating watery fluid; until your head aches, mouth and throat parched and blood at fever heat. This is acute catarrh, or cold in the head, and is instantly relieved by a single dose, and permanently cured in most cases by a package of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for Catarrh. Complete treatment for $1. Healing, refreshing, beautifying, CUTICURA SOAP.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS More continuous and powerful electrical action is obtained from Collins' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS than any $2 battery made. They are a speedy and certain cure for Pain and Weakness of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Nervous Pains and Weaknesses, Malaria and Fever and Ague. **Price 25 cents.** Sold Everywhere. dec28W&S2w

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NO knife, no poisonous plasters, no mercury or other poisonous medicines used. Relief guaranteed in every case as I have 28 different modes for curing Cancers and can meet every case. No charge for consultation, and only for medicine until the cure is effected. Can give the best of references as to skill and medical standing from some of the leading physicians of Boston, also, sworn certificates of cures. Send a full history of your case with stamp to O. G. RANDALL, M. D., 65 Day street, Boston Highlands, Mass. If you call, take the Jamaica Plain Horse Cars. dec23eod3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

It is almost impossible to look over the hats worn by ladies at the theatre, and this fact is but another argument for the elevation of the stage.—Lowell Citizen.

Wm. McCartney, 88 Lloyd Street, Buffalo, N. Y., fell and sprained his ankle. His employer, H. Anderson, 94 Main street, procured some THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, and he says that a few applications enabled him to go to work as usual.

Sausage at wholesale prices is dog cheap.—New Orleans Picayune.

If the mother is feeble it is impossible that her children should be strong. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of women. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

Nowadays, when a man wants absolute seclusion, he hires a hall and puts out a sign that a walking match is in progress inside. Times have changed.—Boston Post.

The young man or woman who must forsake society because of mortifying freckles, tan, tetter, pimples and itching exoriations of the face, should use some of Dr. Benson's Skin Cure. It cleanses the scalp and is good for the toilet.

A Dallas paper, referring to a coming theatrical troupe, says, "Prepare for a treat." There is no occasion to publish any such note of warning; up in Dallas they are always ready for a treat.—Texas Siftings.

Josh Billings Heard From.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 11, 1880.

DEAR BITTERS—I am here trying to breathe in all the salt air of the ocean, and having been a sufferer for more than a year with a refractory liver, I was induced to mix Hop Bitters with the sea gale, and have found the tincture a glorious result. * * * I have been greatly helped by the Bitters, and am not afraid to say so.

Yours without a struggle,
JOSH BILLINGS.

This unlooked for accident came upon the community unawares.—Western Reporter.

This is the season of sweet meets under the mistletoe.—The Judge.

Good Advice.

Use Hale's Honey of Hoarhound and Tar for a cough or cold.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

"My daughter, was that not rather a trifling present you gave your father?" "Why, papa, you know you could have had anything you were willing to pay for!"—Boston Transcript.

Rescued from Death.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass. says:—In the fall of 1876 I was taken with BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. I at one time report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past.

"I write this hoping every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will follow DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness."

ARNICA & OIL LINIMENT

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

THE BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CRAMPS, Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Sciatica, Backache, Frosted Feet and *Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.*

It is a *safe, sure,* and *effectual* Remedy for Galls, Strains, Scratches, Sores, &c., on HORSES.

One trial will prove its merits. Its effects are in most cases INSTANTANEOUS.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions for the treatment of above diseases. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle. Sold everywhere.

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AT 144½ Exchange St., and a room at 22 Wilmot. Two good 2d-hand stoves for sale—at W. P. Hastings' Piano Warerooms, 144½ Exchange St. dec14-d4w

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FOR SALE.

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CHAPIN'S BUCHU-PAIBA.—A quick, complete cure for Catarrh of the Bladder, Urinary, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, in male or female, Paralysis, Diabetes, Gravel, Difficulty of holding or passing Urine, Gleet, Brick Dust, Gonorrhœa, Inaction, Turbid Urine, Milky and other deposits, Stricture, Stinging, Smarting, Irritation, Inflammation, Whites, Impure or Diseased Discharges, Pains in the Back, Loins, Thighs, Dragging Down, Dripping, Ulcers, Tumors, &c. $1, at druggists, by express, prepaid, $1.25.

CHAPIN'S INJECTION FLUID is to be used with Buchu-paiba, in cases of Impure or Diseased Discharges. With Syringe, $1, at druggists, sent by express, prepaid, for $1.25. Cloth by express, prepaid, on receipt of $2.25.

E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

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CATARRH
CAN BE CURED.

If you are troubled with CATARRH,
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The changes of climate affect three-fourths of our population with some form of CATARRH, and the sooner the case is taken in hand, the easier the cure can be effected.

DR. CORNBLOOM is well-known in Boston for his successful treatment of CATARRH, and can furnish first-class testimonials from well known Boston merchants, and if you have any symptoms of CATARRH you had better consult him in regard to your case. The treatment is mild and sure to help you, and the price is within the reach of all.

Don't delay, but attend to it at once. You will never regret it. Send a statement of your case to DR. CORNBLOOM, 145 Tremont St., Boston, and he will write you just what he can do for you. Pamphlet sent free on application. jan2—eod1m

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As a general beverage and necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as Limestone, Sulphate of Copper &c, the Aromatic Schnapps is superior to every other alcoholic preparation. A public trial of over 30 years duration in every section of our country of Udolpho Wolfe's Schnapps, its unsolicited endorsement by the medical faculty and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation have insured for it the reputation of salubrity claimed for it. For sale by all Druggists and Grocers.

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Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Juandice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility. Directions in eleven languages.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth.

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500,000 ft. Oak, for Car Timber,
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TRADE CIRCULAR

FOR 1881.

WHOLESALE AND Manufacturing Interests OF PORTLAND, ME.

This circular is presented by the undersigned, Wholesale Dealers and Manufacturers of Portland. The Merchant and Manufacturer will here find conveniently classified and indexed, general merchandise and supplies of every description, which are offered to the Trade by firms whose facilities, experience and enterprise have given this City an honored position among the Wholesale Markets of the country.

A.—STEEL AND IRON PLOWS. JOHN J. FRYE, Mfr., 111 Greene St.
AGRICULTURAL Implements, Seeds KENDALL & WHITNEY, Market Square
AGRICULTURAL and Dairy Implements. GEO. BLANCHARD & BRO. 46 Union
ARTISTS' Materials, Picture Frames, Art Goods. CYRUS F. DAVIS, 593 Cong. St
BELTING Mfr's. Best Oak Tanned. J. K. FOY & CO., 135 Middle St.
BEEF, Domestic and Chicago Dressed. JOHN L. BEST & CO., 289 Comercial St.
BONE Fertilizers and Meal, Lime, &c C. W. BELKNAP & SON, 142 Commercial St
BOOTS, Shoes and Moccasins. LORD, HASKELL & CO., 135 Middle St
BOOTS and Shoes, Leather & Findings A. F. COX & SON, Manufacturers
BOOTS and Shoes, Leather & Findings. C. J. WALKER & CO., 153 and 155 Middle St
BOOTS and Shoes, Manufrs. and Jobbers. CHASE, KNIGHT & CO., 52 and 54 Union St
BOOTS, Shoes, Leather and Findings. B. B. FARNSWORTH & CO., 133 Middle St
BOOTS & Shoes, Mfrs. Ladies' & Misses' Fine Shoes. SHAW, GODING & CO.
BOOTS & Shoes, Leather & Findings. B. F. WHITNEY & CO., 222 Middle St.
BARRELS and Cooperage stock. E. S. HAMLEN, 140 Com'l St, & 240 Fore St.
BOILER Makers and Blacksmiths. QUINN & CO. Office, 35 Commercial St
BOOKS, Stationery and Room Papers. BAILEY & NOYES, 68, 70 & 72 Exchange St
BOOKS, Stationery & Room Papers. LORING, SHORT & HARMON, 208 Middle St
BOOKS, Blank Books and Stationery, DRESSER, McLELLAN & CO., 47 Exchange
BOOKS, Town Goods and S. S. Supplies HOYT, FOGG & DONHAM, 193 Middle st.
BRUSH MFRS., Paint, Whitewash, &c. D. WHITE & SONS, 127 Middle St
BRUSH Mfr's., Paint, Whitewash, &c., TRUE BROTHERS, 190 Fore St.
CABINET Makers. Fine Furniture. DEANE BROS. & SANBORN, 183 Middle St.
CARPETINGS and Paper Hangings. MARRETT, BAILEY & CO., 190 & 192 Middle
CARRIAGE & Sleigh Mfrs. & Dealers MARTIN, PENNELL & CO., Elm & Cumberland
CARRIAGE and Sleigh Mfrs. & Dealers ZENAS THOMPSON, JR., 34 to 38 Union St.
CARRIAGE and Saddlery Hardware. JAMES BAILEY & CO., 264 Middle St
CANNED Meats, Fish and Vegetables. PORTLAND PACKING CO., 22 Commercial
CIGARS. Manufacturer and Importer ERNESTO PONCE, cor. Exchange and Middle
CIGARS, Tobaccos, Canned Goods, &c G. W. SIMONTON & CO., 13 and 15 Union St
CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods C. H. LEWIS & CO., 147 Middle St
CLOTHING Manufacturers & Jobbers ALLEN & CO., 229 Middle and 6 Temple Sts
COAL, Wholesale, by Cargoes Carload. RANDALL & McALLISTER, 60 Commercial St
COAL, by the Cargo, Carload or Ton. S. ROUNDS & SON, 36 Commercial St
COAL, Dealer in Special Coals. HENRY L. PAINE, 267 Commercial S
COAL. Lehigh, White Ash and Cumberland. WARREN & RING, 162 Commercial St
COAL. Wholesale by Carload or Ton. CHARLES H. O'BRION, 236 Com'l St
COFFEE Roasters and Spice Grinders. H. H. NEVENS & CO., 184 & 186 Fore St
COFFEES, Spices, Cream Tartar, &c ROLLINS & SHERRY, 184 & 186 Com. St.
CONFECTIONARY, Plain & Fancy Mfr L. J. PERKINS, 489 Congress St.
COOPERAGE STOCK Exporters. GEO. S. HUNT & CO., 111 Commercial St
CROCKERY, China and Glass Ware. C. E. JOSE & CO., 140 & 142 Middle St
CROCKERY, Glass and Plated Ware. HAYES & DOUGLASS, 242 Middle St.
DRAIN PIPE, Garden Border, Emery Wheels, &c. J. W. STOCKWELL.
DOORS, Windows, Blinds and Fixtures LEGROW BROS., 24 Preble S
DRUGGISTS, Painters & Mfrs. Supplies W. P. PHILLIPS & CO., 134 to 138 Middle St
DRUGS, Chemicals & Druggists Sundries. J. W. PERKINS & CO., 74 & 76 Commercial St
DRUGS, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, &c. E. L. STANWOOD & CO., Market st
DRUGS, Medicines, Paints and Oils. W. W. WHIPPLE & CO., 21 Market Square.
DRUGS, Medicines, Paints and Oils C. A. PARSONS & CO., 117 and 119 Middle S
DRY Goods, Woolens, and Fancy Goods DEERING, MILLIKEN & CO., 166 Middle St
DRY Goods, Woolens and Fancy Goods STORER BROS. & CO, 54 & 56 Middle St
DRY GOODS AND WOOLENS. WOODMAN, TRUE & CO., 141 Middle St
DRY GOODS, WOOLENS, &c. A. LITTLE & CO., 236 & 238 Middle St
DRY Goods, Woolens and Fancy Goods. TWITCHELL, CHAPMAN & CO., 159 Middle
EMBROIDERIES, Laces, Fancy Goods JOHN P. RAND, 96 Cross St
FISH, Dry and Pickled, Dealers in Salt DANA & CO., 124 Commercial St
FISH, Dry, Pickled and Smoked. GEO. TREFETHEN & CO. 6 Commercial Wharf
FLOUR and Groceries. WILLIAMS, PULSIFER & CO., 59 Com'l St
FLOUR, Groceries and Provisions. E. C. HERSEY & CO., 93 & 95 Com'l st.
FURNITURE of Every Description. PORTLAND FURNITURE CO., 40 Exchange
FURNITURE Manfrs. Fine & Common WALTER COREY & Co., 28 Free S
GALVANIZED IRON, Gutters & Cornices. W. H. SCOTT, Mfr., 29, 31 & 33 Union St
GROCERIES, Flour and Provisions. W. & C. R. Milliken 107 & 109 Commercial St
GROCERS. Flour and Provisions. COUSENS & TOMLINSON, 217 & 219 Com'
GROCERS, Spice Grinders & Coffee Roasters TWITCHELL, CHAMPLIN & CO., 175 Com'
GROCERS. CHAS. McLAUGHLIN & CO,. Central St.
GROCERS. SAWYER, FOSS & DEERING. 1 Centra Wharf
GROCERIES and Provisions. CONANT & RAND, 153 Commercial St
GROCERIES, Flour and Provisions. FLETCHER & CO., 159 Commercial St
GROCERIES, Flour and Provisions. H. S. MELCHER & CO., 147 Commercial St
GROCERS. Provisions and Flour. W. P. CHASE & CO, 157 Commercial St
GROCERS and Dealers in Flour. SMITH, GAGE & CO., 92 Commercial St
HARDWARE, Cutlery and Farm Tools SMITH, TIBBETTS & CO., 131 Middle St
Hardware. Agents for Oriental Powder Mills. N. M. PERKINS & SON, No. 2 Commercial St.
HARDWARE, Mill Supplies, Agts. Williams Belting. KING & DEXTER, 269 Middle St
HATS, Caps, Furs, Robes and Gloves. BYRON GREENOUGH & CO., 234 Middle St
IRON, Steel, Heavy Hardware &c. A. E. STEVENS & CO., 146 & 150 Commercial
IRON, Steel, Carriage Hardware &c. E. COREY & CO., 125 & 127 Commercial St
LUMBER, Ship Knees and Ship Building. W. H. SIMONTON, 314 Commercial St
LUMBER. Southern Pine Timber, Plank and Boards. J. W. DEERING, 210 Commercial
LUMBER, all kinds. Black Walnut a specialty. S. W. LARRABEE & SON, 194 Com
LIME, Cement, Cal. & Land Plaster and Hair. C. A. B. MORSE & CO., 5 Com'l Whf
LUMBER, Spruce, Pine and Short. RUMERY, BIRNIE & CO., 332 Commercial St
LUMBER of All Kinds, "Manufr's." EDWIN CLEMENT & CO., 272 Commercial St
LUMBER, Eastern, Western & Southern S. H. & A. R. DOTEN, 256 to 264 Fore St
LUMBER. Mfr. of all kinds of Spruce Clatty. GILBERT SOULE, Agt., Com'l foot of Park.
LUMBER, Kiln-dried Hardwood Flooring, LEGROW BROS., 24 Preble St
LUMBER. Mich. Pine & Hard Wood. WIDBER & BACON, 220 Com'l St.
MACHINISTS, Steam, Gas, & Water Piping. DANIEL WINS